A COMMITMENT TO YOUR SAFETY

THE CULINARY INSTITUTE OF AMERICA®

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A SAFE CAMPUS ENVIRONMENT

Fostering a Team Effort
At The Culinary Institute of America, ensuring a safe campus for students, faculty, staff, and visitors is of paramount importance. While safety officers maintain a 24-hour presence at our residential campuses, the entire CIA community is involved in fostering an environment where everyone can feel secure. Campus safety is everyone’s responsibility; together, we can continue to make the CIA a wonderful place to work, live, and learn.

The Culinary Institute of America has four locations: the New York campus in Hyde Park, the California campus in St. Helena, the Texas campus in San Antonio, and the CIA Singapore. Except where noted otherwise, the information in this report pertains to the three U.S. campuses.

Providing Secure Access to Facilities

New York Campus:
While many campus buildings and facilities are accessible to all during the CIA’s normal business hours, the exterior doors of most residence halls are controlled by an electronic card access system and remain locked at all times. The townhouses on the north end of campus use a key entry system.

All exterior doors on campus are periodically inspected by the Facilities Department to ensure that their locking mechanisms are working properly. Safety officers on patrol routinely check and report any deficiencies with locks. In case of a campus emergency, Campus Safety has the ability to remotely lock down any door with card access capability.

California Campus:
While many campus buildings and facilities are accessible to all during the CIA’s normal business hours, the exterior doors of most residence halls are controlled by an electronic card access system and remain locked at all times.

All exterior doors on campus are periodically inspected by the Facilities Department to ensure that their locking mechanisms are working properly. Safety officers on patrol will also report any deficiencies with locks.

Texas Campus:
CIA buildings require authorized access key card entry at all times, except during special events. Student ID access cards, issued on day one of classes, provide access to CIA buildings during prescheduled authorized access time periods.
**Singapore Location:**
All students are issued ID cards through the CIA’s partner university, the Singapore Institute of Technology. Access to kitchens is gained through a magnetic card system, and external doors are locked with keys by administrative managers.

**Maintaining a Well-Lit Campus**
Exterior lighting is an important part of our commitment to campus safety. Parking lots, pedestrian walkways, and building exteriors are well-lit. Lighting inspections are conducted on a regular basis by Campus Safety and the Facilities Department (NY and CA) or Pearl Security (TX).

The Singapore location is well lit, including internal roads, parking lots, and buildings. Estate Department staff members from Temasek Polytechnic maintain the lighting for the campus and conduct monthly inspections.

**Working to Keep You Safe**

**New York Campus:**
Even while you sleep, we’re still looking out for your safety here on campus. During late evening hours, safety officers are stationed in the gatehouse at the north entrance to the campus, checking the identification of persons entering the college.

Campus Safety personnel are employed by the CIA and have the authority to ask persons for identification and determine whether individuals have lawful business at The Culinary Institute of America. CIA safety personnel also have the authority to issue parking and traffic tickets.

Safety personnel are not police or peace officers and do not possess their powers of arrest. Criminal incidents are referred to local law enforcement agencies, all of which have jurisdiction on campus. Formal and informal meetings are held with area police agencies to discuss crime-related incidents. A written memorandum of understanding exists with New York State Police, the Dutchess County Sheriff’s Office, and the Town of Hyde Park Police Department regarding the CIA’s reporting, the police response, and the CIA’s cooperation in the investigation of a violent felony offense or missing residential student. The college often utilizes the services of local police agencies to assist in the investigation of crimes on campus. All crime victims and witnesses are strongly encouraged to immediately report crimes to Campus Safety at 845-451-1268 or ext. 1111 from a campus phone, as well as to a local police agency (dial 911). Prompt reporting will assist in efforts to protect the campus community, assure the issuance of timely warning notices, and enable timely disclosure of crime statistics.

On a routine basis, fire and police emergency service teams train on the CIA property for a variety of scenarios.

The Culinary Institute of America conducts both tabletop and practical exercises to test emergency response and evacuation procedures annually. Emergency notification testing is
done two to three times a year. Students, faculty, and staff are advised of the testing prior to the test dates.

**California Campus:**
Campus Safety personnel at the CIA at Greystone are from a contracted security agency and are supervised by the director of campus services. The CIA contracts with this agency for security services on the Napa Valley campus. Campus Safety has the authority to ask persons for identification and to determine whether individuals have lawful business at The Culinary Institute of America at Greystone. CIA safety personnel also have the authority to issue parking tickets.

Safety personnel are not police or peace officers and do not possess their arrest powers. Criminal incidents are referred to local law enforcement agencies, all of which have jurisdiction on campus. Formal and informal meetings are held to discuss crime-related incidents, and students and employees may report crimes directly to local authorities. The college utilizes the services of local police agencies to assist in the investigation of crimes on campus, and a written memorandum of understanding exists with the St. Helena Police Department. All crime victims and witnesses are strongly encouraged to immediately report crimes to Campus Safety (ext. 2313 or 707-548-2478) and local police (dial 911). Prompt reporting will assist in efforts to protect the campus community, assure the issuance of timely warning notices, and enable the timely disclosure of crime statistics. Emergency fire and rescue services are provided by both the St. Helena Fire Department and the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CAL FIRE).

**Texas Campus:**
The CIA San Antonio campus is located on the grounds of the Pearl Brewery complex. Emergency services are provided by dialing 911; the CIA San Antonio does not employ its own security personnel. The San Antonio Police Department and the Bexar County Sheriff’s Department have jurisdiction over the San Antonio, TX campus. The college has a memorandum of understanding with the San Antonio Police Department concerning the reporting and investigation of crimes on campus. The Pearl Brewery complex has its own security force that patrols the entire site.

**Singapore Campus:**
The Singapore campus does not employ security personnel or conduct patrols. Crimes can be reported to the Singaporean Police Department by dialing 999.

**Emergency Communication**
The college utilizes Everbridge for its mass notification needs. All faculty, staff, and students have Everbridge accounts and are encouraged to register their personal “paths” (the means by which they should be notified during an emergency), such as text message, phone, and e-mail. Additional, opt-in contact information can be input via the Everbridge Emergency Notifications
link on CIA Main Menu (ciamainmenu.culinary.edu), the faculty/staff and student web portals at the college.

**All enrolled students** are registered in the Everbridge Mass Notification system through their CIA e-mail account. Students are encouraged to add additional contact information (e-mail addresses, phone numbers, etc.) to the notification system during new student orientation and again at returning extern orientation. New faculty and staff are enrolled during their new employee orientation. Faculty and staff are encouraged to add and update contact information as well. Students, faculty, and staff are also encouraged to download the Everbridge mobile app to their mobile devices.

**New York Campus:**

**Siren alert system**

Two six-speaker arrays have been mounted at outdoor locations, and certain buildings have speaker systems throughout. During an emergency, Campus Safety will send a siren tone to alert people walking on campus and in those buildings that an emergency message is to follow. A pre-scripted or live message can be broadcast to alert the college community of an emergency situation.

**Mass notification system**

Members of the Campus Safety Department are authorized to activate the emergency notification system (Everbridge) upon determining that a significant emergency exists, and will immediately notify the Dutchess County 911 Center for law enforcement and emergency service assistance. Once activated, the system will provide specific information and instructions to students, faculty, and staff. Emergency notification testing is done two to three times a year. Students, faculty, and staff are advised of the testing prior to the test dates.

**California Campus:**

**Emergency public address system**

The CIA at Greystone’s emergency public address system broadcasts campus-wide for evacuations and other urgent matters. The system can be activated by the security officers on patrol, as well as by campus administrators. Messages are preceded by two loud tones followed by a verbal warning. This system can be used to give immediate instructions during emergency or disaster situations.

**Mass notification system**

The CIA at Greystone director of campus services and the Campus Safety Department at the Hyde Park, NY campus are authorized to activate the emergency notification system (Everbridge) upon determining that a significant emergency exists, and will immediately notify local law enforcement and emergency services. Once activated, the system will provide specific information and instructions to students. Emergency notification testing is done two to three times a year. Students, faculty, and staff are advised of the testing prior to the test dates. Details on how to register for notification are provided to all students, faculty, and staff at new
student and employee orientations. Additional information is available through the director of campus services.

**Texas Campus:**

**Mass notification system**
The Campus Safety Department at the Hyde Park, NY campus is authorized to activate the emergency notification system upon determining that a significant emergency exists, and will immediately notify local law enforcement and emergency services. Once activated, the system will provide specific information and instructions to students. Emergency notification testing is done two to three times a year. Students, faculty, and staff are advised of the testing prior to the test dates. Details on how to register for notification are e-mailed to all students, and more information is available through the director of education. Pearl Security can also make public address notifications on site.

**Campus Timely Warning Policy Statement**
The Culinary Institute of America makes every effort to provide a safe environment for the CIA community and its guests. In the event that a crime as defined by the Clery Act occurs on or near a campus and represents a serious or continuing threat to a CIA campus, the college will:

- alert the appropriately affected campus community in compliance with Clery Act 20 USC 1092 (f) in a manner that is timely and provides information about the situation, and
- provide crime prevention and safety information to faculty, staff, and students.

Campus Safety in Hyde Park, NY, in conjunction with appropriate campus administrators, will coordinate the issuance of a timely warning to a campus community in response to a Clery Act crime that is reported to campus security authorities or local police agencies and is considered by the CIA to represent a serious or continuing threat to a campus community.

**Procedures—U.S. Campuses**
The CIA will provide the appropriately affected campus community with a timely warning when both:

- a Clery Act crime has occurred on or near the campus, and
- said Clery Act crime represents a serious or continued threat to students and/or employees on the campus.

The issuance of a timely warning will be coordinated through the Campus Safety Office at the Hyde Park, NY campus in conjunction with appropriate campus administrators. Such timely warning notice shall be released as soon as all pertinent information is available and assessed in accordance with the above criteria. The director of campus safety in Hyde Park will provide follow-up notifications as necessary.

**Decision to Issue Timely Warning—Responsibility**
The decision to issue a timely warning will be made on a case-by-case basis by the director of campus safety in conjunction with appropriate campus administrators. The director of campus
safety and administrators shall consider the nature of the Clery Act crime and the continuing
danger to the appropriately affected campus community and the possible risk of compromising
law enforcement efforts. Personnel involved in the decision to issue a timely warning will
determine:

- the process used to confirm that there is a significant emergency or dangerous situation,
- the content of the notification, and
- the specific notification system to be used.

The decision to issue and the actual issuance of a timely warning are done by the director of
campus safety in coordination with one or more of the following individuals:

**New York Campus:**
- Vice President—Finance and Administration
- Provost
- Associate Vice President and Dean—Student Affairs
- Associate Dean—Student Affairs and Housing
- Title IX Coordinator

**California Campus:**
- Managing Director
- Associate Vice President—Branch Campuses
- Director—Education
- Director—Campus Services

**Texas Campus:**
- Managing Director
- Associate Vice President—Branch Campuses
- Associate Dean—Degree Programs

**Content of a Timely Warning**
A timely warning will provide the appropriate campus community with information
- about the Clery Act crime,
- that explains how individuals can protect themselves, and
- that aids in the prevention of similar crimes.

**Issuing a Timely Warning**
If the director of campus safety determines that a Clery Act crime has been committed and
constitutes a serious or continuing threat to the CIA community, a timely warning will be
issued.

The CIA may use one or more of the following modes of notification to issue the
timely warning:
- Siren alert system—consists of outdoor and indoor speakers that produce a loud alert
  signal followed by a prescripted or live voice message
- E-mail messages
• Emergency notification system (Everbridge):—a third-party-hosted vendor system used to notify the CIA community of an emergency on a U.S. domestic campus, using text, e-mail, and voice notification. Students are automatically entered in the system through their CIA account. Opt-in information is provided to each employee and student to add additional means for notification (e.g., phone, text, e-mail, the mobile app)
• Flyers and posters—displayed in the residence halls
• CIA website—www.ciachef.edu
• CIA faculty/staff/student portals—ciamainmenu.culinary.edu

A copy of the timely warning will be maintained with Campus Safety at the Hyde Park, NY campus.

Procedures—Singapore Location
The decision to issue a timely warning will be made by the managing director of the CIA Singapore in consultation and coordination with the associate vice president of branch campuses and the administration of the Singapore Institute of Technology (SIT). When it has been determined that a Clery Act crime has been committed and constitutes a serious or continuing threat to the CIA community, a timely warning will be issued using the guidelines set forth in this policy to the extent that said notice shall not be contrary to the direction of Singaporean law enforcement.

A timely warning will be issued using one of the following modes of communication, which will be mutually agreed upon by the SIT administration and the CIA Singapore managing director:
• Student/employee e-mail
• Student/employee portal
• Other such means

The managing director of the CIA Singapore will be responsible for maintaining appropriate records of the timely warning notification and should immediately alert the director of campus safety at the Hyde Park, NY campus of any such event.

Emergency Response and Evacuation Review
On a yearly basis, the director of campus safety and/or the managing director will assemble a group of administrators from Student Services, Residence Life, Facilities, and other departments as needed to review and test evacuation procedures and the twice-per-year testing of emergency notifications systems. The results of these exercises will provide the CIA with an opportunity to review and improve upon its already established processes and procedures. Feedback from the exercises will be posted on CIA Main Menu on the Campus Safety page. The exercises include:
• A walk-through of building evacuation routes and a review of designated meeting areas.
• Testing of the college’s mass notifications systems (text, e-mail, phone).
• Testing of the siren alert and public address systems.
• Review of current processes with emergency personnel.
Emergency Response and Evacuation Notification

Campus Safety and/or the administration at any of the three U.S. campuses receive reports of emergency situations from the CIA community as well as local law enforcement units, and therefore have the primary responsibility for monitoring and confirming an emergency or dangerous situation.

Upon receiving a report of, or determining that there is, a significant emergency:

New York Campus:
Campus Safety will dispatch safety personnel and notify local law enforcement. The director of campus safety will alert, and bring together as necessary, members of the college’s Critical Incident Management Team.*

California Campus:
Campus Safety will notify local law enforcement. Campus Safety and/or the administration will alert, and bring together as necessary, members of the college’s Critical Incident Management Team.*

Texas Campus:
911 should be called immediately. The administration will alert, and bring together as necessary, members of the college’s Critical Incident Management Team.*

* The CIMT is a decision-making body for the college that consists of senior-level administration.

Upon confirmation of an emergency or dangerous situation that involves a significant threat to the health and/or safety of the campus, Campus Safety and/or the administration will, without delay and taking into account the safety of the community:

- identify the appropriate segment of the campus community to be notified (if the incident is limited to a specific building or location),
- develop the content of the message, and
- determine that notification will not compromise efforts to assist victims or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

Once activated, the notifications will provide specific information and instructions to the CIA community about the emergency. In the event of an actual emergency, the CIA community will be notified through Everbridge and other methods of communication, including e-mails, posting on CIA Main Menu (the student and employee web portals), text messages, and voice communication. See “Emergency Communication” on page 5.
Evacuation Procedures
All students receive instruction concerning emergency plans and evacuation procedures during their initial safety orientation. Our plans are simple:

- When the alarm sounds, use the nearest available and appropriate exit (which may be a window) and immediately exit the building.
- Move quickly but calmly to a safe location.
- In the event of an armed intruder, if you can safely escape, it is suggested that you do so.
- If escaping is not a possibility, you may have to shelter in place.
- If you are confronted by the intruder, use any means possible to deter, resist, overcome, and/or evade the person.
SAFETY PROGRAMS AND SERVICES

The Importance of Crime Prevention

The old saying “an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure” definitely applies to campus safety. Our goal is to prevent crimes rather than react to them after they have occurred. Toward that end, the college’s Crime Prevention Program seeks to help minimize criminal opportunities and encourages students and employees to be responsible for their own security and the security of others on campus.

Here are some features of the program at each campus that help achieve these goals:

**New York Campus:**
- Escort program—Escort provided upon request for persons walking on campus, particularly after dark.
- Residence hall security—Crime prevention programs periodically presented by Residence Life staff.
- Emergency telephones—Interior and exterior phones that connect to Campus Safety.
- Closed-circuit cameras—Located in strategic areas (both indoors and out) throughout campus.
- Crime prevention brochures—Available at various locations throughout campus and included in orientation packages for all new students.
- Operation Identification—Engravers available for students to engrave serial numbers or owner-recognized numbers on all valuable items on campus.
- Bicycle registration—Offered through the Residence Life Office; students provide serial numbers and other data useful in recovering bicycles in the event of theft.
- Student Safety and Sexual Assault Awareness Committee—CIA staff, faculty, and student representatives review the college’s security policies and procedures and annually make recommendations for their improvement.
- Student success alcohol abuse prevention—Training required for all incoming students.
- Student success risk reduction and bystander intervention—Training required for all returning sophomores.
- See Something, Say Something—At new student orientation or at time of hire, all students and employees are instructed to practice “See Something, Say Something” on campus, in which they are urged to immediately report anything suspicious, dangerous, or illegal to Campus Safety.

**California Campus:**
- Escort program—Escort provided upon request for persons walking on campus, particularly after dark.
- Residence hall security—Crime prevention programs presented at student housing and safety orientation during move-in.
- Emergency telephones—Interior and exterior phones that connect to Campus Safety.
• Closed-circuit cameras—Located in strategic areas throughout campus.
• Student success alcohol abuse prevention—Training required for all students.
• See Something, Say Something—At new student orientation or at time of hire, all students and employees are instructed to practice “See Something, Say Something” on campus, in which they are urged to immediately report anything suspicious, dangerous, or illegal to Campus Safety.

**Texas Campus:**
- Escort program—Escort provided upon request by Pearl Security for persons walking on campus, particularly after dark.
- Closed-circuit cameras—Located in strategic areas.
- Crime prevention tips—Outlined in the *Student Handbook*.
- Student success alcohol abuse prevention—Training required for all students.

**Education is Key**
At student orientation for all incoming freshmen, Campus Safety, Residence Life, and other administrators offer crime prevention presentations dealing with personal and fire safety. Students are instructed on how to report incidents and crimes. In addition, fire safety and evacuation are discussed.

This proactive education is ongoing. Throughout the academic year, other presentations and campus-wide programs are offered on topics such as rape and acquaintance rape, avoiding and responding to sexual offenses, and sexual harassment. Please reference the Harassment, Sexual Misconduct, and Discrimination section on page 17 for details on student and employee sexual assault prevention and related training.

During employee orientation, the following safety topics are presented:
- Preventing and reporting accidents and injuries
- Reporting hazards and emergencies
- Fire safety
- Emergency evacuations
- Enrolling in the emergency notification system
CAMPUS SAFETY AWARENESS

Preparation and Disclosure of Crime Statistics
To promote safety and security at The Culinary Institute of America, and in accordance with the requirements of the Clery Act, the college:

- **Submits crime statistics to the United States Department of Education**—Each year, the college submits crime statistics for reported Clery Act crimes that occur:
  - on campus,
  - on public property within or immediately adjacent to the campus, and
  - in or on non-campus buildings or property that the CIA owns or controls.

The crimes are categorized by type, location, and year. Crime data is collected and reported the same as is done for the annual security report and is maintained by the director of campus safety.

- **Publishes and maintains an annual security report**—The annual report contains safety-, security-, and fire-related policy statements and statistics of Clery Act crimes occurring on college property, adjacent public property, and non-college property owned or controlled by the college, for the preceding three years. The report (**A Commitment to Your Safety**) is based upon the calendar year. To prepare this report, Campus Safety at the Hyde Park, NY campus collects statistical information from incidents that have been reported to Campus Safety, Campus Security Authorities (see page 59), and local law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction on each respective campus. In addition, information on disciplinary referrals for liquor law, drug law, and weapons possession violations is gathered in conjunction with Student Affairs, who is responsible for student discipline.

  A copy of the report is available on October 1 each year. The report is distributed annually to all students and employees through the faculty/staff and student portals. It is also available at [www.ciachef.edu/safety-and-security](http://www.ciachef.edu/safety-and-security) and the Department of Education website at [http://ope.ed.gov/security](http://ope.ed.gov/security). Hardcopies of the report can be requested at Campus Safety, 1946 Campus Drive, Hyde Park, NY 12538.

- **Maintains a daily crime log**—A daily crime log is required for campuses that have a campus security department. This is a log of crimes that are reported to Campus Safety, and is available for public viewing. It includes the date the crime was reported, the date and time it occurred, the nature of the crime, the general location of the crime, and the disposition of the incident, if known.

  **CRIME LOG LOCATION:**
  - New York Campus: Campus Safety Office
  - California Campus: Director of Campus Services Office
  - Texas Campus and Singapore Location: N/A
Reporting Criminal Activity or an Emergency

New York Campus:
Campus Safety is responsible for the enforcement of campus rules and regulations. Safety on campus, however, must be a collaborative effort among students, faculty, and staff. We encourage you to report any suspicious circumstances, criminal activity or emergency to a safety officer as soon as possible. The sooner an incident is reported, the better we can render aid, protect life and property, and conduct an effective, successful investigation. Students, faculty, and staff are also encouraged to report crimes to area police agencies.

The Safety Office is conveniently located adjacent to the maintenance garage behind Roth Hall, and is staffed 24 hours a day, seven days a week. If you’re some distance from the Safety Office, you can use one of the many blue-light, direct-ring phones located throughout the campus. These emergency phones can be used to report a criminal incident, a fire, or any other emergency, or to request an escort from Campus Safety. Also, free on-campus public telephones are located in various center hallways in the residence halls. Campus Safety can be contacted by dialing ext. 1268 on these easily accessible phones.

If you have questions or concerns about reporting a sexual offense or crime, we encourage you to meet with a college counselor and discuss those concerns in confidence. The counselors will respect requests for confidentiality, within the limits of applicable laws. Otherwise, the CIA does not have any institutional policies or procedures that ensure a victim or witness can voluntarily and confidentially report a crime.

California Campus:
Campus Safety is responsible for the enforcement of campus rules and regulations. Safety on campus, however, must be a collaborative effort among students, faculty, and staff. We encourage you to report any suspicious circumstances, criminal activity, or emergencies to a safety officer as soon as possible. The sooner an incident is reported, the better we can render aid, protect life and property, and conduct an effective, successful investigation. We ask all students and staff to follow the “See Something, Say Something” practice—if you see something suspicious, dangerous, or illegal, report it immediately.

Campus Safety staffs the front atrium desk at the main building 24 hours a day, seven days a week. To reach us:

- You can call the security cell phone at 707-548-2478 at any time, day or night. The cell phone number can be used to report a criminal incident, a fire, or any other emergency, or to request an escort from the office. This number can also be called by simply pressing the black button on the yellow call boxes outside the entrances to the Vineyard Lodge residence hall.
- You can also use the active safety and security radios found in each residence hall to reach Campus Safety immediately if the need arises.
If you have questions or concerns about reporting a sexual offense or crime, we encourage you to meet with a counselor and confidentially discuss those concerns. The counselor will respect requests for confidentiality, within the limits of applicable laws. Otherwise, the CIA does not have any institutional policies or procedures that ensure a victim or witness can voluntarily and confidentially report a crime.

**Texas Campus:**
Emergency services are provided by dialing 911. The San Antonio Police Department and the Bexar County Sheriff’s Department have jurisdiction for the CIA San Antonio facility. Additional security is provided to the entire Pearl Brewery complex.

The college encourages you to report any criminal activity or emergency to a staff member as soon as possible. The sooner an incident is reported, the better the chance that an effective, successful investigation can be conducted. Crimes should also be reported to area police agencies.

If you have questions or concerns about reporting a sexual offense or crime, we encourage you to contact the CIA director of compliance and information privacy (located on the New York campus) to confidentially discuss those concerns. The director of compliance and information privacy will respect requests for confidentiality, within the limits of applicable laws. Otherwise, the CIA does not have any institutional policies or procedures that ensure a victim or witness can voluntarily and confidentially report a crime.

**Singapore Location:**
Crimes and other emergencies should be reported to the Singapore Police by dialing 999.
CAMPUS POLICIES

Institutional policies may be updated in accordance with changing laws and regulations. The policy statements included in this report are current as of the date of publication. Please contact CIA Director of Information Privacy and Compliance Sarah Putney at Sarah.Putney@culinary.edu for the most up-to-date information.

Drug and Alcohol Policy
The Culinary Institute of America is committed to creating and maintaining a campus and work environment that is free of drug and alcohol abuse and complies with all federal, state, and local laws governing the service and consumption of alcohol and the use and possession of illegal substances. The CIA prohibits:

- The unlawful use, manufacture, distribution, dispensation, sale, transportation, purchase, or possession of any nonprescription drugs or controlled substances on its owned, operated, or controlled property or any other location.
- Possession of drug paraphernalia.
- The unlawful service, distribution, sale, possession, consumption, or other unlawful use of alcoholic beverages.
- Unlawful behaviors involving alcohol, drugs, or controlled substances including, but not limited to, underage drinking, public intoxication that impacts the CIA, driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs, and manufacturing, distributing, and using false identification.
- The unlawful use, purchase, and distribution of medication, including but not limited to, prescription and over-the-counter medications.
- Reckless or intentional acts that endanger mental or physical health, or conduct that creates a substantial risk of injury to a person in the course of initiation or affiliation with any organization, club, or institution.
- Any activities involving the forced consumption of alcohol or drugs, including activities encouraging consumption of large amounts of alcohol or repeated consumption of alcohol in a confined amount of time.

The CIA imposes sanctions for illegal alcohol or drug use and violations of this policy. In addition, individuals violating the law with the use of alcohol and drugs may be subject to criminal charges as applicable under local, state, or federal law. The CIA will cooperate fully with all civil authorities and enforcement agencies.

Harassment, Sexual Misconduct, and Discrimination Policy

Nondiscrimination Statement
The Culinary Institute of America (CIA), being committed to respect for diversity and equal opportunity in education and employment, does not discriminate against individuals. The CIA expressly prohibits discrimination against and harassment of individuals on the basis of any protected characteristic, including race, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity and
expression, religion, disability, age, genetic information, familial status, marital status, veteran status, ancestry, national or ethnic origin, and any other protected group or classification under the law. In addition, the CIA prohibits sexual harassment, sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual exploitation, and stalking.

This policy shall apply to conduct that occurs on the CIA’s campus, on CIA technological systems, and at CIA-sponsored programs, activities, and events, including: admissions, financial aid, academic matters, career services, counseling, housing, employment policies, scholarship programs, health services, and all other programs and activities available at the CIA. Further, this policy applies to conduct off-campus when a person accused of Prohibited Conduct is a matriculated CIA student or when the alleged conduct has a continuing adverse impact upon the CIA work or school environment.

This policy applies to all members of the CIA community, including students, employees (faculty and staff), Trustees, interns, and nonemployee workers. Students shall be responsible for their conduct from the time of enrollment through the awarding of a degree, as well as during periods between terms of actual enrollment, study abroad, and leaves of absence or suspension.

Members of the CIA community who believe that they have been subjected to discrimination or harassment are strongly urged to use the resolution procedures described in this policy. Third parties visiting CIA facilities (such as guests, visitors, and restaurant patrons) have the opportunity to make reports of Prohibited Conduct for the purpose of this policy; however, third parties accused of violating this policy are not entitled to the procedural protections set forth below and may be summarily excluded from CIA property, programs, activities, or events.

**Compliance Statement**

The CIA complies with the applicable federal laws across all campuses, including without limitation: Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972; Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973; Title VI and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; the Americans with Disabilities Act, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975; the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act; and the Campus SaVE Act. The CIA also complies with state laws applying to its New York, California, and Texas campuses, including but not limited to: Article 129-B of the New York Education Law; the New York State Human Rights Law; the New York Labor Law; Section 67836 of the California Education Code; Chapter 51 of the Texas Education Code; and other federal, state, and local laws governing Harassment, Sexual Misconduct, and Discrimination.

To ensure that it is a safe and equitable place to learn and work, the CIA has established this policy and training and procedures for reporting, investigating, and adjudicating allegations of violations of this policy. The information contained in the Definitions and Procedures sections of this policy is expressly incorporated into this policy as it provides essential details for the effective implementation of this policy.
CIA policy as well as federal and state laws prohibit retaliation against any individual for making a good faith Complaint of Prohibited Conduct or for serving as a witness or otherwise providing information in connection with a Complaint of Prohibited Conduct.

Compliance Coordinators
The CIA has designated and trained personnel to provide support for reporters, complainants, and respondents in cases of allegations arising under this policy. These include, but are not limited to, the Americans with Disabilities/Section 504 coordinator (the 504 coordinator) and the Title IX coordinator/Age Discrimination Act coordinator.

The senior director, faculty relations is designated as the CIA Title IX coordinator and Age Discrimination Act coordinator responsible for coordinating compliance with the complex legal and regulatory framework governing Harassment, Sexual Misconduct, and Discrimination (except for disability-based issues). The Title IX/Age Discrimination Act coordinator’s responsibilities include overseeing all complaints of sexual misconduct and identifying and addressing any patterns or systemic problems. In addition, the CIA has designated a Deputy Title IX/Age Discrimination Act coordinator. Inquiries and complaints concerning these issues may be referred to either:

Joseph R. Morano, Senior Director—Faculty Relations
Title IX and Age Discrimination Act Coordinator
The Culinary Institute of America
1946 Campus Drive
Hyde Park, NY 12538
Office: Roth Hall Room S324
Telephone: 845-451-1314
E-mail: Joe.Morano@culinary.edu

Or

Danielle Glendenning, Manager—Faculty Relations
Deputy Title IX and Age Discrimination Act Coordinator
The Culinary Institute of America
1946 Campus Drive
Hyde Park, NY 12538
Office: Roth Hall, Room W401
Telephone: 845-905-4369
E-mail: Danielle.Glendenning@culinary.edu

The dean of academic engagement and administration is designated as the CIA Section 504 coordinator responsible for coordinating compliance under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973. This law prohibits discrimination based upon disability and requires the CIA to ensure that students are not excluded from participation in or denied the benefits of any program or activity of the CIA based on disability. Disability-related complaints and associated
requests for accommodation are governed by the CIA’s Americans with Disabilities Act/Section 504 Compliance Policy (CMP-023). Individuals who believe they may have been discriminated against in an educational program, activity, or employment situation on the basis of a disability may file a complaint with:

Carolyn Tragni, Dean—Academic Engagement and Administration
Americans with Disabilities/Section 504 Coordinator (504 Coordinator)
The Culinary Institute of America
1946 Campus Drive
Hyde Park, NY 12538
Office: Roth Hall, Room S319
Telephone: 845-451-1615
E-mail: Carolyn.Tragni@culinary.edu

Authority
President and the President’s Cabinet
• Age Discrimination Act of 1975
• California Education Code, Section 67836
• Campus Sexual Violence Elimination Act (SaVE Act), incorporated into the VAWA amendments to the Clery Act
• Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title VI and Title VII
• Education Amendments of 1972, Title IX
• Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act)
• New York State Education Law, Article 129-B
• New York State Human Rights Law
• New York State Labor Law
• Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Section 504
• Texas Education Code, Chapter 51
• Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act (VAWA) amendments to the Clery Act

Definitions
Affirmative Consent (“Consent”): Although the CIA requires affirmative consent on all campuses, the definition of affirmative consent must vary somewhat due to state law requirements in New York and California.

Affirmative Consent (California): Affirmative, conscious, and voluntary agreement to engage in sexual activity. It is the responsibility of each person involved in the sexual activity to ensure that he or she has the affirmative consent of the other or others to engage in the sexual activity. Lack of protest or resistance does not mean consent, nor does silence mean consent. Affirmative consent must be ongoing throughout a sexual activity and can be revoked at any time. The existence of a dating relationship between
the persons involved, or the fact of past sexual relations between them, should never by itself be assumed to be an indicator of consent.

**Affirmative Consent (New York and Texas):** Knowing, voluntary, and mutual decision among all participants to engage in sexual activity. Consent can be given by words or actions, as long as those words or actions create clear permission regarding willingness to engage in the sexual activity. Silence or lack of resistance, in and of itself, does not demonstrate consent. The definition of consent does not vary based upon a participant’s sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression.

The following principles relating to affirmative consent apply on all campuses:

- Consent as a prerequisite for any sexual engagement is called for by respect for individual autonomy—the right and ability to make decisions for oneself. In order to give consent, a person must be of the legal age of consent—17 in New York and Texas and 18 in California. Consent must be freely and actively given; it cannot be obtained by coercive use of force, threats, or intimidation. Coercion, force, or threat of either invalidates consent. Consent to one form of sexual activity does not imply consent to other forms of sexual activity, nor does past consent to intimacy imply consent to future intimacy. Consent to engage in sexual activity with one person does not imply consent to engage in sexual activity with another. Consent may initially be given but withdrawn at any time. When consent is withdrawn or can no longer be given, sexual activity must stop.

- Individuals must be able to understand what they are doing in order to consent to a sexual activity. A person who is incapacitated cannot give consent because they lack the ability to knowingly choose to participate. Incapacitation may be caused by unconsciousness; being asleep; having a cognitive disability; being involuntarily restrained; consuming quantities of alcohol, drugs, or other intoxicants; or a variety of other circumstances. Consent is required regardless of whether a person initiating the act is under the influence of drugs and/or alcohol. Under this policy, “Yes” may not always mean “Yes” and “No” always means “No.” Anything but a clear, knowing, and voluntary consent to any sexual activity is equivalent to a “No.”

- In any romantic or sexual relationship between individuals in unequal positions (such as professor and student, supervisor and employee), even with consent, there are inherent risks. These relationships may be less consensual than perceived by the individual whose position confers power. Intimate relationships also have the potential to interfere with the CIA’s ability to provide an appropriate and safe working and learning environment for students and employees, and may constitute sexual harassment or other unlawful discrimination. As a result, the CIA has adopted a comprehensive Fraternization Policy, which can be found on the student and employee/faculty portals.
**Appeals Officer:** An officer appointed by the CIA’s Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator to oversee the appeals process as outlined in this policy.

**Business Days:** The days of operation for the CIA: i.e., Monday–Friday, when classes are in session and/or administrative offices are open, except for the designated summer break and winter holiday break when campuses are closed to the public.

**CIA Community:** The employees, students, nonemployee workers and third parties at all CIA campuses. See also *Third Parties*.

**Coercion:** When someone is compelled, through force, intimidation, or severe emotional manipulation, to act out of character or without regard for their own individual desire or volition. Coercive behavior differs from seductive behavior based on the type of pressure someone uses to get consent from another. When someone makes it clear that they do not want sex, want to stop, or do not want to go past a certain point of sexual interaction, continued pressure beyond that point can be considered coercive.

**Complainant:** Any employee (faculty or staff), nonemployee worker, student, or third party who files a formal report or statement alleging conduct that is prohibited by this policy.

**Complaint:** A statement including one or more allegations of Prohibited Conduct under this policy.

**Dating Violence:** Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party’s statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship. Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.

**Discrimination:** Intentionally or inadvertently treating individuals or groups less favorably because of their protected characteristic(s) as listed in the Policy Statement. Discrimination may occur when an individual acts in a prejudiced or biased manner in the conduct of their day-to-day CIA activities, such as attending class or working.

**Domestic Violence:** A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed against a victim by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim; a person with whom the victim shares a child in common; a person who is cohabiting with or has cohabited with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner; a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred; or any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.
**Employee**: An individual employed by the CIA. All full-time, part-time, or temporary employees fall under this class, including faculty, staff, and student workers.

**Faculty**: The teaching staff of the CIA, or of one of its departments or divisions, viewed as a body with individual members.

**Force**: The use of physical violence and/or imposing on someone physically to gain sexual access.

**Harassment**: Unwelcome and/or offensive behavior, based on one or more of the protected characteristics listed in the Policy Statement, that is either severe or repeated and pervasive such that it has the intended purpose or effect of interfering with an individual’s work or academic performance; or creating an intimidating, hostile, or abusive work or education environment. Harassment can take many forms, such as words, visual images, gestures, or other verbal or physical conduct by any means. To constitute harassment, there must be a finding that the conduct meets each element of this definition. Harassment includes, but is not limited to:

- Epithets, slurs, or negative stereotyping;
- Threatening, intimidating, or hostile acts; and
- The circulation or display of written or graphic material that belittles or shows hostility or aversion toward an individual or group, including through e-mail and other electronic media.

**Hearing**: A formal meeting conducted by a hearing officer to review the findings of an investigation and provide an opportunity for all parties to be heard. It is intended to be a non-adversarial review of the investigation.

**Hearing Officer**: An individual appointed by the CIA’s Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator to oversee the hearing of a reported case.

**Intimidation**: Unlawfully placing another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

**Investigator**: An individual appointed by the CIA’s Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator to perform and document an inquiry for ascertaining facts through detailed and careful examination of all information presented using various means of discovery.

**Minor**: A person under the age of eighteen (18) who is not enrolled in degree-granting courses at the CIA.

**Nonemployee Worker**: An individual who works on campus but is employed by an entity other than the CIA, such as a vendor or contractor.
**Prohibited Conduct:** Any or all of the following (see too *specific definitions*): dating violence, discrimination, domestic violence, harassment, retaliation, sexual assault, sexual assault—nonconsensual sexual contact, sexual assault—nonconsensual sexual intercourse, sexual exploitation, sexual harassment, sexual violence, and stalking.

**Quid Pro Quo:** Latin phrase meaning “something for something.” In the sexual harassment context, it means an exchange of favors, for example, if a manager, faculty member, or other authority figure offers or hints that they will give an individual a benefit (e.g., a better grade, a raise, or a promotion) in return for sex.

**Reporter:** An individual who makes a formal statement including one or more allegations of Prohibited Conduct under this policy, and may be the alleged victim (complainant) or someone else.

**Respondent:** Any CIA Student, employee (faculty member or staff), or nonemployee worker who has a formal complaint filed against them; a person accused of Prohibited Conduct.

**Retaliation:** An intentional action taken by a respondent or allied person, absent legitimate nondiscriminatory purposes, that harms an individual as reprisal for filing or participating in the investigation or hearing of a complaint of a violation of this policy or civil rights laws. Unfavorable retaliatory action can include:
- Discharge;
- Demotion;
- Reduction of pay or hours;
- Withholding wages, overtime pay, or promotions;
- Denying benefits or opportunities;
- Not hiring or rehiring the person; and/or
- Intimidating, harassing, or otherwise mistreating the individual.

**Sexual Assault** is divided into the following two categories of behavior.

**Sexual Assault—Nonconsensual Sexual Contact:** Behavior including any intentional touching of a sexual nature, however slight, whether clothed or unclothed, with any object or body part by a person against another person that is without affirmative consent and/or by force. Examples include, but are not limited to:
- Intentional contact with the breasts, buttocks, groin, or genitals;
- Intentional touching of another with breasts, buttocks, groin, or genitals;
- Compelling someone to touch another person or oneself in a sexual manner; and
- Any intentional bodily contact in a sexual manner.

**Sexual Assault—Nonconsensual Sexual Intercourse:** Behavior including any sexual intercourse, however slight, with any object or body part by a person against another
person that is without affirmative consent and/or by force. Examples include, but are not limited to:

- Vaginal penetration by a penis, object, tongue, or finger;
- Anal penetration by a penis, object, tongue, or finger; and
- Oral copulation (mouth-to-genital contact or genital-to-mouth contact).

**Sexual Exploitation:** When an individual takes nonconsensual or abusive sexual advantage of another for their own advantage or benefit, or to benefit or advantage anyone other than the one being exploited, and the behavior does not otherwise constitute another sexual misconduct offense. Examples include, but are not limited to:

- Invasion of sexual privacy;
- Prostituting another person;
- Nonconsensual taking and/or distributing photography, video, or audio-taping of sexual activity;
- Allowing others to observe sexual activities without consent;
- Engaging in voyeurism;
- Knowingly transmitting a sexually transmitted infection or human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) to another person;
- Exposing one’s genitals in nonconsensual circumstances; and
- Inducing another to expose their genitals.

**Sexual Harassment:** Unwelcome, gender-based conduct that is verbal, physical, or of a sexual nature and that is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that it has the effect of unreasonably interfering with, limiting, or denying someone the ability to participate in or benefit from the CIA’s employment or education programs. The unwelcome behavior may be based on power differentials (*quid pro quo*) or create a hostile environment. Examples of sexual harassment include, but are not limited to:

- Attempting to coerce an unwilling person into a sexual relationship;
- Repeatedly subjecting a person to egregious, unwanted sexual attention;
- Punishing a refusal to comply with sexual advances;
- Conditioning a benefit on submitting to sexual advances;
- Unnecessary touching, or brushing against a person;
- Unwelcome communications of a sexual nature;
- Humor or jokes about sex including sexual innuendo; and
- Verbal and/or physical aggression toward another based upon their status as transgender or a perception that the other fails to conform to stereotypical notions of expected characteristics for males or females.

**Sexual Misconduct:** Unwelcome behavior of a sexual nature, including: dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, sexual exploitation, sexual harassment, and stalking. Sexual misconduct can be committed by a person of any gender, and it can occur between people of the same or different gender.
Sexual Violence: A category of behavior including sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence and stalking. See too specific definitions.

Stalking: Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for their safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress. Examples of stalking include, but are not limited to:

- Repeated, unwanted, intrusive, and frightening communications from the perpetrator by phone, mail, and/or e-mail;
- Repeatedly leaving or sending the victim unwanted items, presents, or flowers;
- Following or lying in wait for the victim at places such as home, school, work, or recreation place;
- Making direct or indirect threats to harm the victim, their children, relatives, friends, or pets;
- Damaging or threatening to damage the victim's property;
- Harassing the victim through the internet;
- Posting information or spreading rumors about the victim on the internet, in a public place, or by word of mouth; and
- Obtaining personal information about the victim by accessing public records; using internet search services; hiring private investigators; going through the victim’s garbage; following the victim; contacting their friends, family, work, or neighbors; etc.

Student: An individual who is registered in a credit or degree program at the CIA.

Third Party: An individual who is a guest, visitor, restaurant patron, continuing education student, or any other individual on campus or participating in activities of the CIA who is not an employee, nonemployee worker or student as defined in this policy. A minor shall also be considered a third party under this policy and all complaints regarding minors as set forth under the CIA Protection of Minors Policy (SA-001-R-001) shall be handled through these procedures.

In addition to the above definitions of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking provided for in this policy, the definitions of these offenses, as well as statutes that contain elements of these offenses for the CIA’s three domestic campuses in New York, California and Texas, can be found at: https://www.ciachef.edu/uploadedFiles/Pages/CIA_Policies/local-vawa-crime-definitions.pdf.

Procedures

1. Reporting and Response
Any member of the CIA community who believes they have been subjected to prohibited conduct in violation of this policy should use one of the reporting channels outlined below to report their concerns and seek assistance from on-campus and/or off-campus resources. In response to the receipt of a complaint, the CIA will conduct an immediate initial review to determine if there is reasonable cause to believe that this policy has been violated. If so, the
CIA will initiate a prompt, thorough, fair, and impartial investigation in order to make a reliable determination about whether a violation of this policy has occurred. The Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator, as appropriate, will be responsible for ensuring that the appropriate procedures are followed during the investigative process. If allegations are substantiated, the CIA will take steps to prevent further prohibited conduct to correct the effects of such conduct and to impose sanctions as appropriate.

All reporters may expect:
- To have reports of prohibited conduct taken seriously by the CIA;
- To have reports of prohibited conduct investigated and properly resolved through appropriate administrative procedures;
- That investigators will share information about the matter only as they may deem necessary to ensure an effective and thorough investigation and/or seek resolution;
- That although the CIA will safeguard the privacy of the complainant and respondent to the greatest possible extent, the information collected during the investigative process may be subpoenaed (demanded) in civil or criminal proceedings.

When a student or employee reports to the CIA that the student or employee has been a victim of dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, whether the offense occurred on or off campus, the CIA will provide the student or employee a written explanation of the student’s or employee’s rights and options. To see the full Complainant Bill of Rights and Respondent Bill of Rights, please refer to the Appendix of this policy on page 47, or go to https://www.ciachef.edu/harassment-policy/.

2. Scope and Limits of Confidentiality

Individuals are encouraged to carefully review all of their reporting options before deciding whether and to whom to report. It is important to know that some resources are confidential resources—i.e., persons who can offer support, advice, or other services and who are generally not required to further report, initiate an investigation, or otherwise take action in response to the information you provide—while other resources are not confidential.

2.a. Confidential Resources—Not Subject to Mandatory Reporting—Does Not Constitute Notice to the CIA.

A complainant who desires that an allegation be discussed on an entirely private and confidential basis may speak with one of the following confidential resources, who are not responsible employees and therefore not subject to mandatory reporting, unless an exception applies:
- New York campus: Counseling and Psychological Services mental health counselors, and/or health services providers
- California campus: mental health counselors/therapists
- Texas campus: director—compliance and information privacy (located on the New York campus)
• See the full list of SART and confidential resources for all campuses at https://ciamainmenu.culinary.edu/student-services/titleIX/Documents/SART%20and%20Resource%20Contacts.pdf or

• Off-campus in all states: rape crisis resources, and/or clergy acting in the capacity of spiritual advisor

On-campus licensed health services and mental health professionals’ licensure requires confidentiality from reporting allegations of sex discrimination and harassment/assault while working in their professional capacities. **Neither the CIA nor the law requires that the private information shared by an individual with those working as confidential resources be shared with anyone except in circumstances (a) where there is risk of harm to self or others or (b) involving a minor.**

The on-campus licensed mental health professional shall provide individuals who disclose that they have been subjected to prohibited conduct with information as to how to file a complaint with the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator. The professional will put the individual in touch with the appropriate coordinator upon request.

In cases of disclosures of prohibited conduct made to confidential resources, the CIA shall not be considered to have actionable knowledge of the incident or situation and therefore the complainant should have no expectation of the matter being investigated or resolved by college authorities.

**2.b. Non-Confidential Reporting to Responsible Employees**

Although the CIA will protect the privacy of persons involved in an investigation to the greatest extent possible, once a complaint has been filed, it is the CIA’s responsibility to take appropriate action to resolve the situation. Certain categories of employees (called responsible employees) are mandated reporters under this policy, meaning that if they have been informed of alleged prohibited conduct, they must report it further.

CIA employees working in the following departments or roles are considered responsible employees: Campus Safety, Deans, Directors, Faculty, Human Resources, Managers/Supervisors, Residential Life, and Student Affairs.

Responsible employees are required to report any allegation of sexual misconduct to the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator, and any allegation of disability-based discrimination, harassment, or failure to accommodate to the 504 coordinator, regardless of the wishes of the reporter or alleged victim.

**Responsible employees who become aware of an incident of sexual misconduct, including sexual harassment, and fail to report it to the Title IX coordinator will be subject to disciplinary action.**
Employees who are not classified as responsible employees or confidential resources are strongly encouraged to report all instances of prohibited conduct to enable the CIA to remediate its effects and prevent further misconduct.

3. Reporting Options
Any third party who wishes to file a complaint for violations of this policy may contact the CIA’s Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator as appropriate.

For all other complainants, there are three primary ways to report concerns under this policy: by telephone hotline, by electronic (Web-based) hotline, and in person.

**Important:** The telephone hotline and electronic hotline reporting options should not be used in case of an emergency because they cannot provide an immediate response in real time. An emergency situation (including where an individual is at risk of harm to self or others) must be reported immediately to 911 or to CIA Campus Safety.

3.a. By Telephone Hotline

Available 365 days/year, 24 hours/day:

Call the Telephone Hotline at 845-905-4477 at any time and leave a message in the confidential voicemail box. Such messages are relayed electronically to appropriate individuals within the CIA for follow-up. This channel includes an anonymous option (without identifying the reporter), but the CIA’s ability to meaningfully investigate and pursue disciplinary action may be limited as a result.

3.b. By Web-based Hotline Submission

Available 365 days/year, 24 hours/day:

- Internal (within the CIA) option: Choose the appropriate feature from the menu at [https://ciamainmenu.culinary.edu/Pages/Reporting.aspx](https://ciamainmenu.culinary.edu/Pages/Reporting.aspx); or
- **Public option:** Go to [https://www.ciachef.edu/harassment-policy/](https://www.ciachef.edu/harassment-policy/) and follow the prompts to make a complaint. Reports received by these means are relayed electronically to appropriate individuals within the CIA for follow-up. This channel includes an anonymous option (without identifying the reporter), but the CIA’s ability to meaningfully investigate and pursue disciplinary action may be limited as a result.

3.c. In Person

A variety of personnel are available for in-person reporting. See this link for SART information: [https://ciamainmenu.culinary.edu/student-services/titleIX/Documents/SART%20and%20Resource%20Contacts.pdf](https://ciamainmenu.culinary.edu/student-services/titleIX/Documents/SART%20and%20Resource%20Contacts.pdf)
3.d. Sexual Assault Response Team (SART)

A Sexual Assault Response Team (SART) is available at each CIA campus. SART advisors are trained employees who are first responders to complaints of sexual misconduct. They provide the complainant with support and assistance, access to resources both on campus and off campus, and information about sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking. For current campus-specific SART contact information, see https://ciamainmenu.culinary.edu/student-services/titleIX/Documents/SART%20and%20Resource%20Contacts.pdf.

SART advisors use a survivor-centered approach by providing complainants with key information and letting them make decisions based on what feels comfortable. Upon initial contact, SART advisors will:

- Provide information on immediate steps victims of sexual assault should take (https://www.ciachef.edu/uploadedFiles/Pages/CIA_Policies/immediate-steps.pdf);
- Offer information about resources the complainant might use to address personal, medical, psychological, safety, and academic concerns related to the incident;
- Provide guidance on procedures to be followed and names to be contacted for gaining rapid access to these resources;
- Offer to make initial contacts with resource providers and to introduce the complainant to appropriate contact people, both on and off campus;
- Clarify distinctions between campus, civil, and criminal adjudication procedures and offer to help the complainant make initial contacts with appropriate offices on campus;
- Serve as a liaison with other members of SART who may share more extensive knowledge of particular resources that the complainant is interested in pursuing; and
- Remain in close contact with the Title IX coordinator to ensure a coordinated, timely and appropriate support system for the complainant.

4. Contacting Law Enforcement

Anyone in immediate danger should dial 911 and attempt to get to a safe place.

Anyone not in immediate danger who would like to report an incident to the police can do so by contacting the local police department: https://ciamainmenu.culinary.edu/student-services/titleIX/Documents/SART%20and%20Resource%20Contacts.pdf
Acts of sexual violence are against the law. If an individual would like someone to assist them in contacting the police or to go with them to the police department, any of the following individuals at the CIA can help:

- Campus Safety/Security officials
- Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or deputy coordinator
- Student Affairs staff members
- Human Resources representatives

Victims may report an incident to law enforcement regardless of whether they choose to report the incident to the CIA. Conversely, reporting an incident to the CIA does not require the complainant to report the incident to law enforcement. The CIA reserves the right to report any crime to law enforcement, but as a general rule, will not alert law enforcement to an incident of sexual misconduct without the complainant’s permission, except where there is a serious and immediate threat to the campus community, when a minor is involved, or as otherwise required by law.

In addition to the protective measures that the CIA may take, law enforcement may be able to assist in obtaining additional protections, such as an order of protection or restraining order. The CIA can assist students in contacting law enforcement and legal services organizations to learn about additional remedies that may be available.

The CIA maintains a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with local law enforcement at each of its domestic campuses to ensure cooperation between local law enforcement, Campus Safety, and the Title IX coordinator during the course of an investigation.

The CIA will investigate an alleged violation of this policy regardless of whether a criminal investigation is being conducted. In the event a criminal investigation is conducted into events that are the subject of an investigation under this policy, the CIA will not delay its investigation unless specifically requested by law enforcement. Even then, the investigation will not be delayed more than ten (10) days, absent extraordinary circumstances.

5. Requests by Student-Complainants Not to Investigate or Take Disciplinary Action in Cases of Sexual Violence

The CIA has an obligation to provide a safe, nondiscriminatory environment for all members of the CIA community, including alleged victims of prohibited conduct. Responsible employees must report incidents of sexual violence of which they become aware to the Title IX coordinator, regardless of the wishes of accusing persons or reporting parties. If a person reports an alleged incident of sexual violence to a responsible employee but requests that their identity remain confidential or that no investigation be conducted or no disciplinary action be taken, only the Title IX coordinator or designee, in consultation with an appropriate senior administrator, has the authority to grant or deny such a request. If the CIA honors the request...
not to disclose the identity of a victim, its ability to meaningfully investigate the allegation may be limited.

When weighing a complainant’s request not to disclose their identity or that no investigation or disciplinary action be pursued, the Title IX coordinator will consider a range of factors, including the following:

- The increased risk that the respondent will commit additional alleged acts of sexual or other violence;
- Whether there have been other sexual violence complaints about the same respondent;
- Whether the respondent has a history of arrests or records from a prior school indicating a history of violence;
- Whether the respondent allegedly threatened further sexual violence or other violence against the complainant or others;
- Whether the sexual violence was committed by multiple respondents;
- Whether the sexual violence was allegedly perpetrated with a weapon;
- Whether the complainant is a minor;
- Whether the CIA possesses other means to obtain relevant evidence of the alleged sexual violence (for example, security camera recordings or personnel’s testimony, physical evidence);
- Whether the complainant’s report reveals a pattern of alleged prohibited conduct at a given location or by a particular group.

The presence of one or more of these factors could lead the CIA to investigate and, if appropriate, pursue disciplinary action. If none of these factors is present, the CIA will likely respect the complainant’s request. If the CIA determines that it cannot honor the request, the CIA will inform the complainant before starting an investigation and will, to the extent possible, share information only with people responsible for handling the CIA’s response. The CIA will remain attentive to the complainant’s well-being, will take ongoing steps to protect that person from retaliation or harm, and will work with the complainant to create a safety plan. Retaliation against the complainant, whether by students, employees, nonemployee workers, or third parties, will not be tolerated.

Pursuant to law, the CIA cannot honor an employee or nonemployee worker’s request not to investigate an allegation of sexual misconduct in the workplace.

6. Additional Measures
The CIA will also:

- Assist the complainant in accessing other available victim advocacy, academic support, counseling, disability, and health or mental health services;
- Provide other security and support, which could include issuing a no-contact order, helping arrange a change of living or working arrangements or course schedules.
(including for the respondent pending the outcome of an investigation), or adjustments for assignments or tests; and

- Inform the complainant of the right to report a crime to campus safety/security or local law enforcement— and provide the complainant with assistance if requested.

The CIA will not require a complainant to participate in any investigation or disciplinary proceeding, but the complainant’s lack of participation may compromise the CIA’s ability to meaningfully investigate the allegations and pursue disciplinary action.

Because the CIA is under a continuing obligation to address the issue of sexual violence campus-wide, reports of sexual violence (including non-identifying reports) will also prompt the CIA to consider broader remedial action—such as increased monitoring, supervision, or security at locations where the reported sexual violence occurred; increasing education and prevention efforts, including to targeted population groups; conducting climate assessments/victimization surveys; and/or revisiting its policies and practices.

7. Resolution Procedures and Safeguards

7.a. Informal Resolution Process

In certain circumstances, when it is acceptable to both parties, it may be possible for a complainant to resolve a concern through an informal resolution procedure. The CIA offers a mediated resolution option for parties, in which the Title IX coordinator will appoint a mediator, who will suggest a resolution to the parties that they may accept or reject.

In resolving any problem or issue as outlined above, the CIA does not require either party to communicate directly with the other.

7.b. Formal Resolution Process

All complainants should take the following steps when formally reporting an incident of prohibited conduct:

- Submit a formal complaint using any of the reporting channels outlined above including: the complainant’s name and contact information; a description of the alleged incident(s) or behavior, who specifically was involved, when and where it occurred, and the desired remedy sought. As much detail as possible should be provided regarding the alleged incident (who, what, when, where, why, and how).
- Provide, if possible, any supporting documentation and evidence of the allegations that are immediately available. These items should be referenced within the body of the formal complaint.
- Submit any additional supporting materials as quickly as is possible.

If the complainant reports the incident orally (by speaking) rather than in writing, the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or the 504 coordinator, as appropriate, or designee, shall prepare a written statement outlining the alleged incident and the nature of the
prohibited conduct, which shall form the basis of the complaint and subsequent investigation. The complainant will be asked to review and sign the written statement.

7.c. Interim Protective Measures
After reviewing the complaint, the Title IX coordinator and Age Discrimination Act coordinator, 504 coordinator, or the lead Investigator in consultation with the Title IX coordinator, may take interim protective measures to protect the safety and well-being of the individuals involved and the CIA community.

The CIA determines which measures are appropriate on a case-by-case basis. Not all of the measures listed below will be necessary in every case to keep a complainant safe and ensure their equal access to CIA programs and activities. If the complainant identifies an interim measure that is not already provided, the CIA will consider whether the request can be granted. The CIA is obligated to comply with a student’s reasonable request for a living or academic change following an alleged incident of sexual violence. These changes can happen regardless of a formal complaint, investigation, or campus or criminal charges. In those instances where interim measures affect both the complainant and the respondent, the CIA will minimize the burden on the complainant wherever appropriate.

Interim protective action is temporary and only in effect until the investigative process is complete and a decision is rendered. Available interim protective measures include, but are not limited to:

- An order directing the parties not to contact one another;
- Changes in housing accommodations;
- Temporary loss of housing privileges;
- Changes in academic schedule or other academic accommodations;
- Changes in CIA work schedule, location, or reporting line;
- Changes in transportation arrangements;
- Campus restrictions;
- An escort; and/or
- Interim suspension.

These actions may be instituted at any point during the investigative process. Complainants and respondents are encouraged to request interim protective measures when needed.

Protective measures will be kept confidential to the extent possible. Only those individuals who need to be informed in order to effectuate the measures will be informed. For instance, if a party requests a change in work schedule, their supervisor(s) will need to be informed in order to effectuate the change.

Student complainants and respondents may request review and modification of any interim protective measure(s) that directly impact them, including review of the need for and terms of the protective measure(s), by submitting a request in writing to the Title IX and Age
Discrimination Act coordinator along with any evidence they wish to present. In the event the measure impacts the other party, they will be given an opportunity to state their position and present evidence as appropriate. The Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or designee will review the submissions and make a determination.

Depending upon the circumstances, some or all of the protective measures may be lifted once the process is complete and a decision is rendered, or they may be continued to assist the complainant after a determination has been made, even if it is determined that some or all of the allegations have not been substantiated. Failure to comply with a directive relating to a protective measure may lead to further disciplinary action.

In addition to the measures that the CIA may take, law enforcement may be able to assist in obtaining additional protections, such as a restraining order or order of protection. The CIA can assist students in contacting law enforcement and legal services organizations to learn about additional remedies that may be available.

7.d. Retaliation Prohibited

CIA policy as well as federal and state laws prohibit retaliation against any individual for making a good faith complaint of prohibited conduct or for serving as a witness or otherwise providing information in connection with a complaint of prohibited conduct. Incidents of retaliation will be treated as separate violations of CIA policy and will be thoroughly investigated. Those persons found to have engaged in retaliation will be subject to disciplinary action.

8. Student Amnesty from Drug, Alcohol, and Other Conduct Policies

The health and safety of every student at the CIA community is of utmost importance. The CIA recognizes that students who have been drinking and/or using drugs (whether such use is voluntarily or involuntarily) at the time that violence, including but not limited to domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, or sexual assault, occurs may be hesitant to report such incidents due to fear of potential consequences for their own conduct. The CIA strongly encourages students to report domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, or sexual assault to CIA officials. A student bystander acting in good faith or a reporting student acting in good faith who discloses any incident of domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, or sexual assault to CIA officials or law enforcement will not be subject to the CIA’s Student Code of Conduct for violations of alcohol and/or drug use policies occurring at or near the time of the domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, or sexual assault.

In addition to amnesty (forgiveness) for alcohol and drug violations, a student who participates in good faith as a complainant, a witness in an investigation, or a bystander in relation to an alleged incident of sexual violence will not be subject to disciplinary sanctions for any violation of the CIA’s Student Conduct policies at or near the time of the alleged incident, unless the CIA determines that the violation was egregious, including, but not limited to, an action that places the health or safety of any other person at risk or involves plagiarism, cheating, or academic dishonesty.
9. Conflicts of Interest
Both the complainant and the respondent have the right to have a fair and impartial investigation, determination, and appeal. If either party has any reason to believe that the investigator, the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator, the 504 coordinator, or any of the hearing or appeals officers has a conflict of interest or would otherwise be unable to be fair and impartial, the concerned party should submit a letter explaining the basis for their concern:

- Regarding the investigator or the hearing officer, to the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator;
- Regarding the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator, to the 504 coordinator; and
- Regarding the 504 coordinator, to the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator.

The other party will be provided with a copy of the letter and will have an opportunity to respond. Based upon those submissions and any independent inquiry the decision-maker may choose to make, if it is determined that a conflict of interest exists, another individual will be appointed to take on the role of the conflicted person. If it is found that no conflict of interest exists, the individual will continue in the role. Concerns regarding conflicts of interest should be raised as soon as they are identified and before the allegedly conflicted person renders a determination; for example, prior to the submission of the investigative report, the hearing officer’s determination, or the appeal decision.

10. Investigative and Disciplinary Procedures
For the purposes of this policy, the following protocol will be applied to all complaints of prohibited conduct, unless indicated otherwise herein. Elements of the protocol are organized as follows: Investigative Process; Investigative Findings; Sanctions; Hearings; and Appeals.

10.a. Investigative Process

The following process shall apply to all investigations conducted under this policy.

Upon receipt of a complaint, the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator as appropriate, working with the appropriate CIA office, will open a formal case file and assign an investigator. The investigator will direct the investigative process and confer with the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator and/or 504 coordinator as appropriate on interim protective measures and/or other necessary short-term actions.

There will be no retaliation against any individual for filing a complaint and/or for assisting, testifying, or participating in the investigation of a complaint.

All complaints will be kept private and disclosed only to the extent necessary for a thorough investigation.
During the course of an investigation, certain investigative procedures may take place which include, but are not limited to, the following:

An initial meeting with the respondent will be held by the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator, 504 coordinator, or designee to inform them that a formal complaint has been filed against them and to explain the nature of the allegations.

The respondent and complainant may be accompanied during any meeting or proceeding by a single advisor of their choice. Advisors may speak privately to their advisee during any such meeting or proceeding. Either party may request a brief recess to consult with their advisor, which may be granted at the discretion of the investigator or hearing officer conducting the meeting or proceeding. Advisors may not present evidence, present witnesses, or otherwise participate in any meeting or proceeding. The advisor may be an attorney in cases involving allegations of sexual violence only.

A formal investigation will be commenced, usually within ten (10) business days after the complaint is made. The Investigator will take the following steps:

- Thoroughly review the complaint and all supporting documentation and evidence.
- Confirm the identity and contact information of the complainant.
- Meet with the complainant.
- In coordination with the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator, or 504 coordinator if appropriate, initiate any necessary interim protective measures.
- Commence a thorough, reliable and impartial investigation, which may include developing an investigative plan, including a witness list, evidence list, intended timeframe, and order of interviews for all witnesses and the respondent.
- Give both the complainant and the respondent the opportunity to identify witnesses and provide relevant documentary and physical evidence. (This may include, but is not limited to, texts, e-mails, photos, social media posts, voicemail messages, etc.) The Investigator will have sole discretion as to whether to interview suggested witnesses.
- Where the complainant is a Third Party, the Investigator will make a good faith effort to contact and interview them and/or obtain a written statement along with any materials that may support the investigation.
- Contact or request meeting(s) with other person who may be able to provide additional relevant information.
- Exclude from consideration information about the romantic or sexual history of either the complainant or the respondent, except as provided by the complainant or respondent relating to their shared history. If either party offers such information, the other will have the right to respond.
- Consider objections raised by either party exercising their right to object to the investigator’s consideration of their own mental health history or treatment. In the event such an objection is raised, the investigator will neither gather nor consider information regarding mental health diagnosis or treatment.
- Exclude information about prior alleged misconduct, if the respondent is a student.
• Make a finding, based on a preponderance of the evidence, whether a policy violation is more likely than not to have occurred.

No audio or video recording of any kind of the proceedings under this policy is permitted by any party, unless circumstances require such accommodations. The decision to permit an accommodation will be made by the Investigator and the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator as appropriate.

At their discretion, the investigator may set behavioral guidelines for or remove a disruptive person from a meeting being held under their authority, and/or may bar such person from future meetings in the matter.

The investigator will normally complete the investigation within sixty (60) business days after the investigation is commenced. The investigator will then issue a formal report detailing the results of the investigation and recommended corrective action, if any, for consideration by the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator as appropriate.

The formal report, and any additional supporting documentation, is to be shared with the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator, as appropriate, who may share its contents with appropriate CIA administrative personnel and/or legal counsel as needed. Except in cases of sexual violence, as described below, the contents of the final report and supporting documentation will not be shared with the respondent or complainant in written format and is the sole property of the CIA.

If the complainant or the student respondent chooses not to cooperate in the investigation, the investigator will still complete the investigation and prepare a formal report based solely upon the information available. No adverse inference will be made as a result of a complainant or student respondent’s decision not to participate in the investigation. Employee respondents who refuse to cooperate in the investigation may be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal. A nonemployee worker respondent’s refusal to cooperate in the investigation will result in appropriate action, up to and including removal from campus and/or termination of the individual’s relationship with the CIA.

If the complainant chooses to withdraw the complaint prior to the completion of the investigation, the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator will determine whether to continue to pursue the complaint considering the factors outlined above under Requests by Complainants Not to Investigate or Take Disciplinary Action.

10.b. Investigative Findings
The following procedures will be used at the conclusion of an investigation.

Within fifteen (15) business days of the conclusion of the investigation the Investigator will provide a final report of their findings to the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator, as appropriate, for review and consideration.
Within fifteen (15) business days of receipt of the final report, the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator as appropriate will provide the complainant and respondent with written notice of the findings of the investigation. In cases of sexual violence, the parties will be provided with written notice of the date, time, location, and factual allegations concerning the violation as well as the possible sanctions.

The Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator or a designee may also hold individual meetings with the complainant and respondent as necessary to review the investigative findings. In cases of alleged sexual violence, the parties will each have an opportunity to review the investigative report but will not be provided with a copy of the report and will not be permitted to take photographs or make a copy of it.

10.c. Sanctions

If both parties accept the findings and there is found to be no violation, the matter will be closed.

If both parties accept the findings and a violation has been found to have occurred, the appropriate office (depending on the identity of the respondent, as set forth below) will impose sanctions in writing for the violation, after consultation with the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator, or 504 coordinator, if appropriate. The following offices shall be responsible for recommending and/or imposing disciplinary sanctions:

For Students—Dean of Student Affairs
For Faculty—Academic School Dean or Branch Campus Academic Director
For Academic Administrators—Vice President of Academic Affairs
For all other Employees—Department Head in consultation with Human Resources.

Nonemployee Workers who are found responsible for violating the policy will not be permitted to continue to provide services at the CIA.

Nothing herein shall prevent the Title IX coordinator from consulting with Human Resources regarding possible sanctions in any matter involving any CIA employee.

In cases of sexual violence where the complainant is a student, the parties may submit an impact statement describing how the matter and/or possible sanctions affect them. The impact statement must be submitted within five (5) days of receiving notification that the parties have accepted the findings and prior to a sanction’s determination being made.

In cases of sexual harassment or sexual exploitation, the complainant will be informed of any sanctions placed upon the respondent that directly affect the complainant. In cases of sexual violence, the complainant will be informed of all sanctions imposed upon the respondent.
If either or both the respondent or complainant reject the findings of the investigation (in whole or in part), they must notify the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator, or 504 coordinator if appropriate in writing within five (5) business days of receiving the notification of the investigative outcome. Nonemployee workers do not have the right to reject the findings of the investigation or request a hearing or appeal.

10.d. Hearing

Where the respondent or complainant has rejected the findings of the investigation (in whole or in part), a hearing officer\(^1\) will be appointed by the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator as appropriate. The hearing officer will be charged with making a final ruling following the hearing on the basis of the preponderance of the evidence. Such ruling shall be subject to appeal as outlined within this policy.

Within twenty-one (21) business days of a party’s rejection of the investigative findings, the hearing will be held. The purpose of this hearing will be to provide an equitable process, respecting the civil and legal rights of all participants, for resolution. The hearing does not include a review of any interim protective measures or proposed sanctions. The hearing officer will be charged only with considering the investigator’s findings in light of any additional evidence presented by the parties.

Except in cases of sexual violence, the hearing officer will meet with each party separately, and the parties will not be present at any meeting that the hearing officer elects to have with a witness. In cases of sexual violence only, the parties will have the opportunity to be present (either in person or via telephone) when the hearing officer questions the other party or witnesses. If the parties are not comfortable being in the same room together, appropriate arrangements will be made. At no time will a party be permitted to question another party or witness.

Through the hearing process, the parties will be provided:
- The opportunity to meet with the hearing officer to address the Investigator’s findings and to speak and present evidence on their own behalf;
- The opportunity to be accompanied by an advisor or support person. In cases of sexual violence, the advisor can be an attorney; in all other cases, employees (faculty and staff) are limited to advisors from the CIA community;
- The opportunity to identify witnesses to the hearing officer who can speak about the alleged conduct at issue\(^2\); and

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1 Or hearing panel, as appropriate in California.
2 In California only: Prior to the hearing, the parties will have an opportunity to suggest witnesses and propose questions. During the hearing, the parties will have a further opportunity to submit additional questions based upon the testimony given by the witness at the hearing. The parties are not, however, permitted to question each other or any other witnesses directly. The panel has the discretion to determine which witnesses to call and to revise and/or decide not to ask proposed questions. The panel will not ask any questions that it deems harassing, abusive, outside the scope of the relevant inquiry, or otherwise impermissible under the policy. The panel will not...
• The opportunity to raise issues and/or questions for the hearing officer to consider and/or to review with the Investigators, the complainant, or other witnesses.
• The opportunity to present an impact statement.

The hearing officer will provide a final report to the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator as appropriate. This final report shall include specific findings of fact and a determination whether the respondent violated this policy.

If it is determined that the respondent violated this policy, the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator shall refer the matter to the appropriate office (depending upon the status of the party), which will determine sanctions in consultation with the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator, or 504 coordinator, as appropriate.

All parties will be notified in writing within fourteen (14) business days of the final determination of the hearing officer. In cases of sexual harassment or sexual exploitation, the complainant will also be informed of any sanctions placed upon the respondent that directly affect the complainant. In cases of sexual violence, the complainant will be informed of all sanctions imposed upon the respondent.

11. Appeals
If a respondent or complainant does not accept the findings of the hearing officer, the party may request an appeal through the following procedures. The request for appeal must be submitted within five (5) business days of receipt of the hearing officer’s decision.

Appeals are not intended to be full re-hearings or the basis for a new investigation of the complaint. The appeals officer may accept or modify the original decision. Appeals are confined to a review of the written documentation or record of the original hearing, and pertinent documentation regarding the grounds for appeal. The appeal officer’s decision to deny a requested outcome on appeal is final.

The only grounds for appeal are as follows:

(a) There was a procedural error that had a material impact on the outcome, and/or
(b) New evidence has come to light that was not previously available and that would alter the original determination.

Any party who files an appeal must do so in writing to the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator, as appropriate. The request for appeal will then be forwarded to an appointed appeals officer for review. The non-appealing party will be given an opportunity to review the written appeal and submit a written response not to exceed ten (10) hear character testimony.
pages within five (5) business days. In cases of alleged sexual violence involving a student in New York, the appeal will be reviewed by a panel of three (3) persons. The appeal panel’s determination needs not be unanimous but, at least two of the panel members must agree on the outcome.

If the appeals officer determines that a procedural error occurred, the appeals office may return the original complaint to the hearing officer with instructions to reconvene to remedy the error. The results of a reconvened hearing cannot be appealed.

In rare cases, where the error cannot be remedied by the original hearing officer (as in cases of bias), the appeals officer may order a new hearing with a new hearing officer appointed by the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator or 504 coordinator as appropriate. The results of a new hearing with a new hearing officer can be appealed once on the grounds for appeal listed above.

The appeals officer may in their discretion suspend any sanctions imposed by the hearing officer during the pendency of the appeal and/or any new hearing of the original complaint.

The appeals officer will render a written decision on the appeal to all parties within twenty-one (21) business days from receipt of the request for appeal.

In cases of sexual violence, if neither party submits a written appeal within five (5) business days of receipt of the hearing officer’s decisions, the title IX and age discrimination act coordinator or 504 coordinator, as appropriate, will provide the parties with written notification that the hearing officer’s decision is final. In cases involving all other kinds of alleged prohibited conduct, the decision will be deemed final upon expiration of the period of time to appeal and no written notice will be provided.

Nonemployee workers do not have the right to appeal.


12.a. Attempted Violations

In most circumstances, the CIA will treat attempts to commit any of the violations listed in the Student Code of Conduct or Employee Handbook as if those attempts had been completed.

12.b. The CIA as Complainant

As necessary, the CIA reserves the right to initiate a complaint, to serve as complainant, and to initiate conduct proceedings without the complainant’s formal Complaint of Prohibited Conduct.

12.c. False Reports
The CIA will not tolerate intentional false reporting of alleged prohibited conduct. It is a violation of the Student Code of Conduct or Employee Handbook to make an intentionally false report of any policy violation, and it may violate state criminal statutes and/or civil defamation laws. Sanctions for false reporting may include disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment, affiliation, or dismissal from the CIA.

12.d. Parental Notification

Generally, the CIA will not disclose a report of sexual violence to a student’s parent(s) without the student’s permission. However, the CIA reserves the right to notify parents/guardians or other individuals indicated as emergency contacts of students regarding any health or safety risk. The CIA also reserves the right to designate which CIA officials have a need to know about student conduct complaints pursuant to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).

12.e. Notification of Outcomes

The outcome of a hearing is part of the educational record of a student respondent, and is protected from release under FERPA. However, the CIA observes the following legal exceptions:

- Complainants bringing allegations of sexual violence have an absolute right to be informed of the outcome, essential findings, and sanctions of the hearing, in writing, without condition or limitation.
- The CIA may release publicly the name, nature of the violation, and the sanction for any student who is found in violation of a CIA policy that is a “crime of violence,” including but not limited to: arson, burglary, robbery, criminal homicide, sex offenses, assault, destruction/damage/vandalism of property, and kidnapping/abduction. The CIA will release this information to the complainant in any of these offenses regardless of the outcome.

12.f. Roles and Duties

While this policy indicates specific employees who will typically perform certain roles and duties, the CIA reserves the right to assign other employees or engage outside individuals to perform any roles or duties as described in this policy.

13. Sanctions

The CIA reserves the right to take measures deemed necessary in response to a substantiated violation of this policy in order to protect the rights and personal safety of students, employees, nonemployee workers, and third parties. When a student, employee, nonemployee worker, or third party is found to have violated this policy, serious sanctions may be imposed to reasonably ensure the rights and safety of the CIA community.
Not all forms of harassment and discrimination will be deemed as equally serious offenses. The CIA reserves the right to impose different sanctions ranging from written warning to dismissal, depending on the severity of the offense.

13.a. Sanctions for Students

When an investigation finds that a student did not violate this policy, but did violate the Student Code of Conduct, the case will be adjudicated through the process outlined in the Student Code of Conduct. In these cases a student is subject to the disciplinary and appeal process outlined in the Student Code of Conduct.

When an investigation finds that a student violated this policy and the Student Code of Conduct, the sanctions outlined below will be used. Such a student is subject to the disciplinary and appeal process outlined in this policy for substantiated violations of this policy. The following sanctions may be imposed upon any student found to have violated this policy, singly or in any combination for one or more violations.

a. **Verbal Warning**: A verbal warning may occasionally be given to allow a student to correct a violation in a timely manner.

b. **Written Warning**: A notice in writing informing a student that the student is violating or has violated college regulations, and warning that repeat violations will result in more severe disciplinary sanctions.

c. **Demerits**: One to twelve (12) demerits may be assessed for verified violations of the Student Code of Conduct. A student is subject to suspension or expulsion from the CIA for an accumulation of 12 demerits within a 12-month period. Demerits may disqualify a student from becoming a resident assistant, participating in the Manager-in-Training (MIT) program, living in specific residence halls, participating in intercollegiate athletics, or holding certain student offices.

d. **Probation**: Probation for a designated time may be assigned. Probation may include specific directives that the student is instructed to follow, a warning that additional sanctions may be assigned for further violations, and a signed behavioral contract agreement. An accumulation of nine (9) demerits will result in a period of probation.

e. **Loss of Privileges**: There may be a denial of specified privileges for a designated period of time. This includes, but is not limited to, any and all privileges pertaining to campus housing, operating and parking motor vehicles, campus visitation, student employment, or use of any campus facility or service.

f. **Fines**: Fines may be assessed. The amount will reflect the degree of seriousness of the violation. All fines are considered legitimate debts to the CIA, and non-payment may result in any of the stated penalties, discontinuation of classes, and/or not attending the commencement ceremony, not receiving the diploma, and/or not receiving copies of student transcripts and records.

g. **Restitution**: Compensation for loss, damage, or injury may be required. This may take the form of appropriate service and/or monetary payment or material replacement.

h. **Community Restitution**: Work assignments for a specified number of hours may be given to provide a useful service to the college or local community.
i. **Residence Hall Suspension:** There may be a separation of the student from the residence halls for a defined period of time. Students with serious disciplinary records are not permitted to reside in or visit residence halls as deemed appropriate.

j. **Loss of Housing:** Permanent separation of the student from the residence halls may occur. Students expelled from the residence halls are not allowed to visit the residence halls or the grounds adjacent to them.

k. **Completion of an Alcohol Education or Rehabilitation Program:** Successful completion of an approved alcohol or substance abuse rehabilitation or educational program may be required as a condition for continued matriculation if the violation(s) involves alcohol, illegal drugs, or the abuse or misuse of any legal drugs. The CIA may require drug testing by a treatment facility.

l. **Required Assessment or Educational Sessions:** A completed assessment or educational session by a licensed counselor or medical doctor may be required for students exhibiting behavioral concerns that compromise the safety of oneself or others.

m. **Involuntary Separation:** Significant concerns regarding health and wellness may require the college to place a student on an involuntary withdrawal or leave of absence, per college policy, until said concern is addressed.

n. **Suspension:** Suspension from the CIA is often for fifteen (15) weeks to one year, but may be for lesser or greater periods of time. Suspension may take effect immediately and includes suspension from classes, residence halls, and all campus visitations, unless specifically authorized. Any student arrested by the civil authorities and charged with a felony may be immediately suspended from classes, pending further decision by the CIA. Suspension may result in the same loss of privileges as listed under Article III, Section B (1)(c): “Demerits” of the Student Code of Conduct.

o. **Expulsion:** Permanent separation of the student from the CIA. Note: prior to June 1, 2016, disciplinary “Dismissal” is equivalent to “Expulsion.”

p. **No Contact Orders:** No Contact Orders (NCOs) are temporary directives issued by a conduct officer prohibiting communication between or among designated students when, in the judgment of the CIA, there is reason to believe that such an order would be in the best interest of all parties. NCOs prohibit all forms of communication between students—direct or indirect, written, electronic, or through a third party. NCOs are not similar to court-imposed orders of protection and do not guarantee that designated parties will avoid sightings or interactions in class, on the campus, or in the local community. In some circumstances, an NCO may restrict a student from parts of the campus where the student would not have to engage in required academic activities. Measures may be enacted to prevent or limit contact between designated students.

q. **No Trespass or Persona Non Grata Order:** An official notification that an individual is not permitted on the CIA property or campus. This directive includes all campus buildings, grounds, parking lots, and roads. If violated, law enforcement will be notified and the individual may face charges of criminal trespass pursuant to state law. This notice shall remain in effect for a specific time period at the discretion of the conduct officer.

r. **Registration Hold:** A restriction placed on a student’s account that prevents future registration for classes until other sanctions or requirements are met.
13.b. Transcript Notations (Applicable to NY Students Only)

Students who are found responsible for sexual violence or any other crime of violence as described in the Clery Act and suspended will have a notation on their transcript indicating, “suspended after a finding of responsibility for a policy violation.”

Students who are found responsible for sexual violence or any other crime of violence as described in the Clery Act and expelled will have a notation on their transcript indicating, “expelled after a finding of responsibility for a policy violation.”

Any students who withdraw from the CIA while a complaint of sexual violence is pending against them and decline to complete the investigative and disciplinary process will have a notation on their transcript indicating, “withdrew with conduct charges pending.” If a finding of responsibility is vacated for any reason, the transcript notation will be removed.

Students shall have the right to seek the removal of a notation of suspension after one year has elapsed since the end of the suspension. Students wishing to request removal should submit a letter to the Title IX and Age Discrimination Act coordinator setting forth the justification for removal. Notations of expulsion cannot be removed.

13.c. Employees

When the investigation finds that an employee violated this policy, the employee will be made aware of all the potential sanctions. Sanctions may include, but not be limited to, written discipline, suspension, and/or termination as appropriate to the findings and as set forth more fully in the CIA Employee Handbook. More serious findings of sexual violence will likely result in termination of employment if appropriate. Employees will be subject to the disciplinary and appeal process outlined in this policy for substantiated violations of this policy.

13.d. Nonemployee Workers

Nonemployee workers who are found responsible for violating this policy will not be permitted to continue to provide services at the CIA and may be banned from campus.

Responsible Cabinet Members
Vice President—Academic Affairs
Vice President—Finance and Administration
Associate Vice President and Dean—Student Affairs

Related Materials
Bystander Intervention, Evidence Preservation, Risk Reduction and Sexual Assault Prevention, Education, and Training information at: https://www.ciachef.edu/harassment-policy/
The CIA Americans with Disabilities Act/504 Compliance Policy
The CIA Computer and Network Usage Policy
The CIA Employee Handbook
APPENDIX
To
Harassment, Sexual Misconduct, and Discrimination Policy

Bill of Rights in Cases of Sexual Misconduct

For all campuses, the following rights will be afforded:

Complainant Statement of Rights:

As a complainant alleging sexual misconduct, you have a right to:

• Privacy, including in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)—for students only—subject to the CIA’s legal obligation to investigate, remedy and address sexual misconduct on campus; the CIA will make all reasonable efforts to ensure the preservation of privacy, restricting information to those with a legitimate need to know;
• A prompt and thorough investigation and appropriate resolution of all credible complaints of sexual misconduct;
• Be treated with dignity and respect throughout the process;
• Receive in writing information regarding how to access available resources, such as counseling, advocates, support, mental health and medical treatment, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, academic support and/or accommodations, changes in work schedules or on campus living arrangements, and student financial aid;
• Choose to contact off-campus law enforcement and/or have campus authorities, including campus safety, assist you in contacting law enforcement;
• An outcome based solely on evidence presented during the investigative/adjudicative process; such evidence shall be credible, relevant, based in fact, and without prejudice;
• Be notified simultaneously with the respondent, in writing, of the outcome, including the outcome of any appeal;
• Be fully informed of the Harassment, Sexual Misconduct, and Discrimination Policy including procedures for reporting, investigation, and resolution of a complaint, as well as possible sanctions;
• Receive timely information regarding the status of the process, including notice of any significant delay and the reason for such delay;
• Receive assistance by the CIA/Campus Safety to obtain transportation and or escort students to and from classes, vehicles, residence halls, medical appointments, counseling sessions, legal advising sessions, etc.;
• Appeal the outcome and/or sanction(s) in accordance with the process outlined in this policy;
• Know that a determination as to whether a violation of this policy occurred will be based on the preponderance of evidence standard (more likely than not);
• Not have any personally identifiable information released to the public without your consent; no personally identifiable information will be contained in any publicly available reports or disclosures required pursuant to the Clery Act including, but not limited to, the daily crime log;
• Not experience retaliation;
• Disclose, if the respondent is an employee of the CIA, the incident to the CIA’s Human Resources authority, and to request that another employee assist confidentially or privately in reporting to Human Resources;
• Receive assistance from appropriate CIA representatives in initiating legal proceedings in family court or civil court;
• Withdraw a complaint or involvement from the CIA process at any time; and
• Be given a copy of these rights when you make a complaint.

Respondent Statement of Rights

As an individual accused of sexual misconduct, you have a right to:
• Privacy, including in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)—for students only—subject to the CIA’s legal obligation to investigate, remedy, and address sexual misconduct on campus; additionally, the CIA will make reasonable efforts to ensure the preservation of privacy, restricting information to those with a legitimate need to know;
• A prompt and thorough investigation and appropriate resolution of all credible complaints of prohibited conduct;
• To be treated with dignity and respect throughout the process;
• Receive timely information in writing regarding how to access available resources such as counseling, advocates, support, and mental health and medical treatment on and off campus;
• Receive timely written notice of all alleged violations within the complaint, including the nature of the alleged violation and possible sanctions;
• An advisor of your choice through the investigative, adjudicative, and/or appeal process;
• An outcome based solely on evidence presented during the investigative/adjudicative process; such evidence shall be credible, relevant, based in fact, and without prejudice;
• Be notified simultaneously with the complainant, in writing, of the investigative outcome, including the outcome to any appeal and any sanctions that apply;
• Receive timely information regarding the status of the investigation/hearing, including notice of any significant delay and the reason for such delay;
• Be fully informed of the Harassment, Sexual Misconduct, and Discrimination Policy and procedures to report, investigate, and resolve a complaint as well as possible sanctions;
• Know in advance, if possible, of any public release of personal identifiable information;
• Appeal the outcome and/or sanction(s) in accordance with the process outlined in this policy;
• Know that a determination as to whether a violation of this policy occurred will be based on the preponderance of evidence standard (more likely than not);
• Be given a copy of these rights when you are notified of the complaint.

For New York State Only

Student Bill of Rights—New York State Education Law Article 129-B

Under New York State law, all students have the right to:
• Make a report to local law enforcement and/or state police;
• Have disclosures of domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and sexual assault treated seriously;
• Make a decision about whether or not to disclose a crime or violation and participate in the judicial or conduct process and/or criminal justice process free from pressure by the institution;
• Participate in a process that is fair, impartial, and provides adequate notice and a meaningful opportunity to be heard;
• Be treated with dignity and to receive from the institution courteous, fair, and respectful health care and counseling services, where available;
• Be free from any suggestion that the reporting individual is at fault when these crimes and violations are committed, or should have acted in a different manner to avoid such crimes or violations;
• Describe the incident to as few institution representatives as practicable and not be required to unnecessarily repeat a description of the incident;
• Be protected from retaliation by the institution, any student, the accused person and/or the respondent, and/or their friends, family, and acquaintances within the jurisdiction of the institution;
• Access to at least one level of appeal of a determination;
• Be accompanied by an advisor of choice who may assist and advise a reporting individual, accused, or respondent throughout the judicial or conduct process including during all meetings and hearings related to such process; and
• Exercise civil rights and practice of religion without interferences by the investigative, criminal justice, or judicial or conduct process of the institution.

Sexual Assault Prevention, Education, and Training
The Culinary Institute of America provides awareness programs for rape, acquaintance rape, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking, including primary prevention programs for all incoming students and new employees which address the institution’s prohibition against such conduct, the definitions of such conduct, the definition of consent in reference to sexual activity in the applicable jurisdiction, safe and positive options for bystander...
intervention, and information on risk reduction to recognize warning signs of abusive behavior and how to avoid potential attacks.

This information is provided to students during their orientation to the CIA, through a mandated online program called “Not Anymore” through the company Student Success. All incoming students are required to complete this program within their first two weeks of arrival on campus. Students who fail to complete the program are prevented from future registration thus guaranteeing 100% compliance with completion of this educational program.

In addition, ongoing prevention and awareness campaigns occur throughout the year, which may include but not be limited to: Department of Health/Planned Parenthood presentations, The Red Flag Campaign, Sex Signals program, an Annual Wellness Expo with participation from a variety of community organizations, Sexual Assault Awareness Month programming, and other appropriate educational programs.

Each campus location has resources for students on support, prevention, and awareness of sexual assault. Resources are available through the Office of the Title IX coordinator, the Office of Student Affairs, SART Teams, Campus Safety, and Human Resources at all CIA domestic campuses.

All Campus Safety officers receive annual training on reportable crimes under the Clery Act including all forms of sexual harassment such as sexual violence, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking as set forth in this Sexual Violence Elimination (SaVE) addendum. Campus Safety on all CIA campuses provides an escort service upon request.

All administrators, faculty, and staff are trained with respect to sexual harassment including sexual violence, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking in accordance with Title VII, Title IX, the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act, the Campus SaVE Act, as well as Article 129-B of the New York Education Law and Section 67836 of the California Education Code as appropriate during their first 60 days on campus, and annually thereafter. This training may occur through sexual harassment and SaVE online courses, as well as necessary in-person training updates on sexual harassment, sexual violence, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

The Title IX/Age Discrimination Act coordinator, Deputy Title IX coordinator, hearing officers, and investigators receive training in conducting hearings and investigations, as appropriate. Any CIA employee who is involved in responding to, investigating, or adjudicating sexual misconduct as set forth in the HSMD Policy will receive training and updates on an annual basis facilitated through the office of the Title IX/Age Discrimination Act coordinator.

**Risk Reduction**

Campus safety tips are provided as reminders of how to be aware of your surroundings. In no way are campus safety tips provided to imply that a person who is assaulted could have avoided such assault.
A list of On-Campus and Off-Campus Resources (PDF) can be found at the link or at https://www.ciachef.edu/harassment-policy/.

The most important things you can do to avoid being a victim of a crime are:
1. Lock your room door when you are asleep or out of the room, even for a few minutes.
2. Do not leave personal property unattended anywhere.
3. Always be aware of your surroundings, whether on or off campus.
4. Report suspicious persons to Campus Safety. Do not assume they are okay; trust your instinct.
5. Be clearheaded—no drugs, no alcohol.

Campus Safety Escort Service
The Safety offices on the Hyde Park and Greystone campuses provide on-campus escort services available 24 hours a day. Don’t be embarrassed to be security conscious; it’s better to be safe than sorry.
- To reach the Hyde Park Campus Safety office, call ext. 1268
- To reach the Greystone Campus Safety office, call 707-548-2478, or ext. 2317

General Safety Tips
- Walk in well-lit, well-traveled areas. Avoid alleyways and deserted parking lots.
- Always be alert to your surroundings.
- Avoid intoxicated persons. If you see a bad situation brewing alert Campus Safety.
- If you suspect that a car is following you when you are on foot do an “about face,” walk in the other direction, and go to the nearest public phone and call 911.
- If you suspect you are being followed by someone on foot, cross the street walking in the opposite direction and go to the nearest public phone to call 911.
- If while driving you suspect you are being followed by another vehicle, drive directly to the closest police station and honk your horn until an officer comes out to help.
- Do not stop if a car pulls up beside you. Get away from the car.
- Monitor your own personal behavior in regards to alcohol.
- Often it is not the stranger that jumps out of the bushes who violates you. It is someone you know, someone you are alone with when you may be too intoxicated to protect yourself.
- Report any suspicious persons or activity to Campus Safety.
- Before entering your vehicle, always check the interior, paying particular attention to the floor and rear seat.

Safety in Residences
- Keep your room locked both when you are home or away.
• Even when just going down the hall for a few minutes, lock your door. This will keep petty thieves or a possible intruder from gaining access to your room.
• Never permit strangers into a residence.
• Do not sign in anyone who is not your guest.
• Never lend out your room or residence keys to anyone.
• Inform the residence staff of any lock defects or lost keys.

Your Property
• Be sure not to leave valuables unattended in residence hall rooms, cars, offices, physical fitness facilities, classrooms or dining facilities.
• Keep cash, credit cards, Personal Billing Numbers, and Personal Identification Numbers secure.
• Keep your car locked and valuables out of sight.
• Never allow yourself to be lured away from your property by a stranger.

Bystander Intervention
We encourage all members of the CIA community to be active bystanders against sexual violence. The following information is based on bystander Intervention research being done at the University of New Hampshire and the guidelines developed by UNH. Learn to recognize the signs of danger and develop plans to keep each other safe. Commit to being an active bystander.

Some simple steps to becoming an active bystander:
• **Notice the situation.** Be aware of your surroundings.
• **Interpret it as a problem.** Do I recognize that someone needs help?
• **Feel responsible to act.** See yourself as being part of the solution to help.
• **Know what to do.** Educate yourself on what to do.
• **Intervene safely.** Take action but be sure to keep yourself safe.

How to intervene safely:
• **Tell another person.** Being with others is a good idea when a situation looks dangerous.
• **Ask a person you are worried about if they are okay.** Provide options and a listening ear.
• **Distract or redirect individuals in unsafe situations.**
• **Ask the person if they want to leave.** Make sure that they get home safely.
• **Call the police (911) or someone else in authority or yell for help.**

What can my friends and I do to be safe?
Take care of each other. Remember these tips when you are out:
1. **Have a plan.** Talk with your friends about your plans before you go out. Do you feel like drinking? Are you interested in hooking up? Where do you want to go? Having a clear plan ahead of time helps friends look after one another.
2. **Go out together.** Go out as a group and come home as a group; never separate and never leave your friend(s) behind.

3. **Watch out for others.** If you are walking at night with friends and notice a woman walking by herself in the same direction, ask her to join you so she doesn’t have to walk alone.

4. **Diffuse situations.** If you see a friend coming on too strong to someone who may be too drunk to make a consensual decision, interrupt, distract, or redirect the situation. If you are too embarrassed or shy to speak out, get someone else to step in.

5. **Trust your instincts.** If a situation or person doesn’t seem “right” to you, trust your gut and remove yourself, if possible, from the situation.

**Statement on Bias Crimes**

The Culinary Institute of America is committed to providing a working and learning environment free from harassment. Members of the CIA community, guests, and visitors have the right to be free from any form of harassment (which includes sexual misconduct and sexual harassment) or discrimination; all are expected to conduct themselves in a manner that does not infringe upon the rights of others.

The CIA prohibits harassment against individuals on the basis of race, color, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, religion, disability, age, genetic information, familial status, marital status, veteran status, ancestry, national or ethnic origin, or any protected group or classification under federal or state laws. These principles also apply to admissions, financial aid, academic matters, career services, counseling, housing, employment policies, scholarship programs, medical services, and all other programs and activities available at the CIA. Members of the CIA community, guests, and visitors who believe they have been or are being subjected to a form of harassment are strongly urged to use the resolution procedures described in the full text of the CIA’s Harassment, Sexual Misconduct, and Discrimination Policy, available on the CIA website at [www.ciachef.edu/harassment-policy](http://www.ciachef.edu/harassment-policy).

The CIA’s Harassment, Sexual Misconduct, and Discrimination Policy is consistent with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Title VI and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, the Age Discrimination in Employment Act of 1967, the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008, and other applicable state or federal law. In some instances, this policy will be amended to extend beyond federal protections when state laws or statutes (such as California’s Leonard’s Law) provide compelling reasons to do so.

**Missing Student Notification Policy**

In compliance with the Federal Higher Education Opportunity Act, The Culinary Institute of America has established a Missing Student Notification Policy in the event that a student who resides in on-campus housing is determined to be missing. The CIA will initiate the missing student notification process no later than 24 hours after a student residing in on-campus housing has been determined to be missing.
Missing Student Contact Information
A student may confidentially identify, through the student housing application, a person or persons who the CIA will contact if such student is determined missing. This contact may be different and separate from the student’s emergency contact. All missing student contact information registered in the Residence Life system is confidential and only accessible by a limited number of authorized CIA officials.

During orientation, Campus Safety and/or Residence Life will provide each student with information on how to register a missing student contact. This information may be updated and changed at any time in the student housing database.

Who to Contact if a Student May Be Missing
If any individual suspects that a student is missing, the individual should contact one of the following departments:

New York Campus
Office of Campus Safety (NY), ext. 1268 or 1111
Office of Student Affairs (NY), ext. 1316 or 1324
Office of Residence Life (NY), ext. 1260

California Campus
Office of Campus Safety (CA and NY), ext. 2313
Student Affairs Office (CA), ext. 2486 or 2497

Texas Campus
Assistant Dean—Degree Programs (TX) and Office of Campus Safety (NY), ext. 6402
Manager—Student Services (TX), ext. 6451
Managing Director (TX), ext. 6452

Investigating a Report
Any employee or student who receives a report of a potential missing student should immediately contact Campus Safety in Hyde Park, NY at 845-451-1268 or ext. 1111 (Hyde Park on-campus extension). Campus Safety, along with Student Affairs and/or branch campus administrators, will immediately investigate any report of missing students and initiate the missing student notification process. If on-campus reporting is not possible, call 911 for all U.S. campuses or 999 for the Singapore campus.

Campus Safety may coordinate with Student Affairs and/or branch campus administrators in trying to locate the student through actions including, but not limited to, the following:
- Calling the student’s cell phone.
- Sending the residence director and/or resident assistant to the student’s room.
- Contacting roommate(s).
• Accessing and, if necessary, distributing the student’s vehicle information to local authorities in order to locate the vehicle.
• Accessing the student’s class schedule and seeking information on last sighting or other contact information.
• Accessing reports to determine the last time the student used a meal card or accessed a residence hall.
• If the student works on campus, contacting his/her supervisor for contact information.

**Notification Process**
Within 24 hours of officially determining that a student is missing, the following will take place:
• If a student has provided a confidential missing student contact, Campus Safety will contact the missing student contact.
• Campus Safety will maintain records of attempts and contacts with the missing student contact.
• Campus Safety will contact a local law enforcement agency to report the student as a missing person.
• The local law enforcement agency will take charge of the investigation, with Campus Safety assisting as requested.
• The CIA may release the missing student’s contact information to law enforcement officials to assist in the furtherance of an investigation.

**Notifying a Parent or Guardian**
If a student is under the age of 18 and not legally independent of his/her parents, the CIA will notify the custodial parent or guardian and the missing student contact if one has been identified.
FIRE SAFETY

Fire Safety Systems and Training Activities

New York Campus:
The following fire safety systems are in place in all of our residence halls:
- Automatic sprinkler systems
- Fire/smoke detection systems with audible/visible alarms
- Carbon monoxide detection with monitored alarms
- Kitchen hood suppression systems
- Portable fire extinguishers

All fire safety systems are monitored 24/7, and installed, maintained, and tested according to state fire codes. All campus buildings undergo a thorough fire safety inspection conducted annually by the New York State Office of Fire Prevention and Control.

CIA students and employees are made aware of fire safety on campus through a number of programs and presentations:
- New student and employee orientations
- Annual Wellness Expo
- Annual Fire Safety Week
- Annual live burn demonstration
- Annual R.A. Fire Academy
- Evacuation drills four times a year at each residence hall
- Distribution of fire safety information at the evacuation drills

California Campus:
The following fire safety systems are in place in all of our buildings:
- Automatic sprinkler systems
- Fire/smoke detection systems with audible/visible alarms
- Kitchen hood suppression systems
- Fire extinguishers placed throughout the buildings

All fire safety systems are monitored 24/7, installed, maintained, and tested according to state fire codes.

CIA students are made aware of fire safety on campus through a number of programs and presentations:
- New student safety orientation
- R.A. training
- Evacuation drills two times a year for all buildings
Texas Campus:
In accordance with Texas state law, all campus buildings are equipped with fire alarms, fire extinguishers, smoke and heat detectors, pull boxes, fire doors, fire sprinklers, carbon monoxide detectors, emergency power and lighting, exit signs, and building floor plans.

CIA students are made aware of fire safety on campus through new student safety orientation.

Reporting
The CIA is required to annually disclose statistical data on all fires that occur in on-campus student housing facilities. The following numbers should be used to report fires that have been extinguished in on-campus housing facilities:

New York Campus
Campus Safety 845-451-1268
Residence Life 845-451-1260

California Campus
Campus Safety 707-548-2478
Residence Life 707-967-2486

Electrical Appliances, Smoking, and Open Flames
Prohibited appliances and behavior related to fire safety are outlined in the Student Handbook and the fire safety brochure. Examples of appliances and other items not permitted in residence hall rooms include: candles, incense, plastic or upholstered furniture, extension cords, cooking appliances, portable heaters, electric blankets, decorative trees (e.g., Christmas trees), draperies, lava lamps, halogen lamps, and lamps with combustible shades.

Fire Evacuation Procedures
Specific procedures are established for each residence hall, and floor plans are posted throughout the buildings and on the staff and student web portals. Students are instructed to leave the building immediately upon fire alarm activation, and report to their predetermined assembly point at a safe distance from the building. These procedures are also discussed during new student orientation and put into practice during each fire evacuation drill.

In order to facilitate a quick, smooth evacuation during any emergency situation, the following responsibilities and procedures are outlined for all staff, faculty, students, and visitors. When the fire alarm sounds or you are instructed to evacuate the building, please:

1. Leave the building immediately. Do not ignore the alarm. Do not wait to see fire or smoke and do not call Campus Safety or the administration for instructions or questions pertaining to the alarm.
2. Remain calm and encourage others to remain calm. Assist in the notification and evacuation of other occupants if safe to do so.
3. If the building alarm has not sounded, pull the nearest pull box to initiate the alarm, and/or call the campus emergency number (ext. 1111 in New York or ext. 2313 in California), or 911 (from any campus) from a safe location to report a fire.

4. Close doors and windows and shut down kitchen equipment if safe to do so as you leave the building.

5. Exit the building through the nearest safe exit or as directed by a fire warden. Multiple exits must be used to help facilitate a quick evacuation and prevent any bottlenecks. Do not use an elevator.

6. Move at least 100 feet away from the building. Keep clear of roadways and fire lanes. Report to your designated assembly point and stay with your group or department.

7. Be patient and wait for instructions. During poor weather conditions and/or extended incidents, occupants may be directed to move to another building(s).

8. The silencing of the alarm is not an automatic signal to reenter the building. Do not reenter until it’s deemed safe and you are instructed to do so by fire department personnel, a campus safety officer, or a fire warden.

Remember—R. A. C. E.
These four steps must be accomplished to successfully deal with a fire emergency. The order in which they are performed will vary according to the circumstances.

- **Rescue** persons in immediate danger.
- **Alarm** must be sounded.
- **Confine** fire by closing all doors.
- **Extinguish** small fires.

**Extinguish** should be substituted with **Evacuate** in cases where:
- the fire is spreading beyond its starting point,
- the fire is already large,
- the fire could block your escape route,
- you are unsure of how to operate the extinguisher, or
- you are in doubt as to whether the extinguisher is the proper one for the type of fire you are facing.
CRIME STATISTICS

Keeping You Informed
Campus Safety at the Hyde Park, NY main campus is responsible for gathering crime reports throughout the year. This is done by daily reports to the Campus Safety Office, reporting from college Campus Security Authorities, and soliciting information from the local law enforcement agencies that have jurisdiction on CIA campuses. It should be noted there are no officially recognized student organizations that have non-campus locations or housing facilities.

The statistics that follow beginning on page 61 are provided in compliance with the Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act of 1990, and cover calendar years 2016, 2017, and 2018. Public crime information and fire logs are available for inspection at Campus Safety. These statistics, published annually, are also available on the United States Department of Education website (http://ope.ed.gov/security/) or upon request to the director of campus safety at 845-451-1268 (ext. 1268 on campus). Area police and law enforcement agencies are contacted each year to provide a report of any of the mandated Clery Act-reportable crimes that occurred on or near campus. Agencies include:

New York:
- Dutchess County Sheriff’s Office, 845-486-3800
- Hyde Park Police Department, 845-229-9340
- New York State Police, 845-876-4033
- National Park Service, 845-229-9380

California:
- Napa Police Department, 707-257-9223
- St. Helena Police Department, 707-967-2850
- Napa County Sheriff’s Office, 707-253-4334

Texas:
- San Antonio Police Department, 210-207-7273

Campus Security Authorities
In a college environment, students and employees may report crime incidents to a Campus Security Authority (CSA). Any employees identified as CSAs have a legal obligation to file with Campus Safety a report for any crime that may have been reported to them. Individuals identified by the college as CSAs successfully complete CSA training and receive notification of the designation and the requirement that they report information about Clery Act crimes. This will ensure statistical inclusion of all crimes specified by the Clery Act in the college’s annual Security, Fire Safety, and Statistics Report when those crimes occur on or near college property, including on-campus property, public property immediately adjacent to the campus, and off-campus property owned or controlled by the college.

Please see the following page for a list of the CSAs at each CIA location.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NEW YORK CAMPUS CSAs</th>
<th>CALIFORNIA CAMPUS CSAs</th>
<th>TEXAS CAMPUS CSAs</th>
<th>SINGAPORE CSAs</th>
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<td>Campus Safety Officers</td>
<td>Managing Director</td>
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<td>Director—Education</td>
<td>Associate Dean—Degree Programs</td>
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<td>Associate Dean—Student Affairs and Housing</td>
<td>Assistant Director—Student Affairs</td>
<td>Department Chair—Baking and Pastry Arts</td>
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<tr>
<td>Associate Dean—Campus Life and Student Development</td>
<td>Student Life Coordinator</td>
<td>Student Services Manager</td>
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<td>Assistant Dean—Student Conduct and Community Engagement</td>
<td>Residence Director and Housing Coordinator</td>
<td>Operations Manager</td>
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<td>Director—Residential Campus Life</td>
<td>Human Resources Director</td>
<td>Manager—Academic and Career Advisement and Support</td>
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<td>Assistant Director—Residence Life</td>
<td>Director—Campus Services</td>
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<tr>
<td>Senior Director—Faculty Relations, Title IX Coordinator</td>
<td>Contracted Security Staff</td>
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<tr>
<td>Director—Health Services</td>
<td>Resident Assistants</td>
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<td>Senior Manager—Learning Strategies Center</td>
<td>Career Services Advisor</td>
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<td>Senior Coordinator—Athletics, Aquatics, and Outdoor Recreation</td>
<td>Faculty/Staff Trip Advisors</td>
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<td>Senior Director—Human Resources</td>
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CRIME STATISTICS—New York Campus

Crimes by Geographic Location

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<tr>
<th>Crime Statistics</th>
<th>Residence Halls on Campus</th>
<th>Other Campus Locations</th>
<th>On-Campus Total</th>
<th>Non-Campus</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
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<td>Dating Violence</td>
<td>1</td>
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<td>Hate Crime Statistics</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016: One on-campus (residence hall) vandalism characterized by gender identity bias</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>2017: One on-campus (residence hall) vandalism characterized by race bias</td>
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<tr>
<td>2018: One on-campus (other) sexual assault/fondling characterized by gender bias</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018: No hate crimes reported</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Unfounded Crime Statistics</td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016: No unfounded crimes</td>
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<td>2017: Two unfounded crimes</td>
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<tr>
<td>2018: No unfounded crimes</td>
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</table>
## Fire Statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Fires</th>
<th>Injuries</th>
<th>Deaths</th>
<th>Property Loss</th>
<th>Cause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$0–99</td>
<td>Paper intentionally ignited—Angell Hall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$100–999</td>
<td></td>
<td>Electrical/AC wires melted—Rosenthal Hall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$0–99</td>
<td></td>
<td>Laptop battery exploded—Rosenthal Hall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$100–999</td>
<td></td>
<td>Incense embers ignited paper in trash can—Escoffier House</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$100–999</td>
<td></td>
<td>Machinery/burned wires—Angell Hall</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$0–99</td>
<td>Paper intentionally ignited—Hudson Hall</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$0–99</td>
<td></td>
<td>Smoldering napkins in trash can—Escoffier House</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$1,000–9,999</td>
<td>Stovetop fire damaged range hood and cabinets—Carême House</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$0–99</td>
<td></td>
<td>Pillowcase overheated in dryer/caught on fire—Point House</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The CIA completed four fire drills in its residence halls during 2018.

**Residence Hall 911 Addresses (all in Hyde Park, NY)**
- Carême House: 23 Tarragon Court
- Cayenne Lodge: 2060 Campus Drive
- Cinnamon Lodge: 2 Sage Way
- Clove Lodge: 3 Sage Way
- Escoffier House: 21 Tarragon Court
- Ginger Lodge: 2066 Campus Drive
- Hudson Hall: 7 Thyme Terrace
- Jacob Rosenthal Hall: 1987 Campus Drive
- Juniper Lodge: 1 Sage Way
- Katharine Angell Hall: 6 Thyme Terrace
- Nutmeg Lodge: 4 Sage Way
- Pick/Herndon Hall: 1969 Campus Drive
- Point House: 27 Tarragon Court
CRIME STATISTICS—California Campus

Crimes by Geographic Location

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crime Statistics</th>
<th>Residence Halls on Campus</th>
<th>Other Campus Locations</th>
<th>On-Campus Total</th>
<th>Non-Campus</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>16</td>
<td>17</td>
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<tr>
<td>Criminal Homicide</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Murder/Non-negligent Manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negligent Manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sex Offenses</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fondling</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incest</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Rape</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Vehicle Theft</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arson</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notice of Correction

There were no hate crimes reported in 2016, 2017, or 2018.

There were no unfounded crime reports in 2016, 2017, or 2018.

On 10/03/19 the above Crime Statistics were corrected as follows:
The two Rapes reported for 2016 in the Residence Halls and On-Campus total categories were reported in 2015 and as such, have been removed from this report. There were no Rapes reported in 2016.
The two Fondling incidents reported for 2017 (one in Residence Halls / one Other Campus Locations / two On-Campus Total) should have appeared under 2016. This information has been corrected—see above.
There were no Fondling incidents reported in 2017.
Fire Statistics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Fires</th>
<th>Injuries</th>
<th>Deaths</th>
<th>Property Loss</th>
<th>Cause</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The CIA completed two fire drills in its residence halls during 2018.

Residence Hall 911 Addresses (all in St. Helena, CA)
Guest House: 2555 Main Street
Vineyard Lodge I and II: 830 Pratt Avenue
CRIME STATISTICS—Texas Campus

Crimes by Geographic Location

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crime Statistics</th>
<th>Residence Halls on Campus</th>
<th>Other Campus Locations</th>
<th>On-Campus Total</th>
<th>Non-Campus</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>16</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Criminal Homicide</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Murder/Non-negligent Manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negligent Manslaughter</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sex Offenses</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape</td>
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<td>0</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fondling</td>
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<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Incest</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Statutory Rape</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Vehicle Theft</td>
<td>0</td>
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<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Arson</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Arrest/Referral Statistics

| Alcohol Law Violations            |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|                                   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Arrest                            | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Referral                          | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |

| Drug Violations                   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|                                   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Arrest                            | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Referral                          | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |

| Weapon Violations                 |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|                                   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| Arrest                            | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Referral                          | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |

Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) Crime Statistics

| Domestic Violence                 | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Dating Violence                   | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Stalking                          | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |

Hate Crime Statistics

There were no hate crimes reported in 2016, 2017, or 2018.

Unfounded Crime Statistics

There were no unfounded crime reports in 2016, 2017, or 2018.

Fire Statistics

There were no fire statistics to report, as the CIA San Antonio does not operate on-campus housing.
CRIME STATISTICS—*Singapore Location*

**Crimes by Geographic Location**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crime Statistics</th>
<th>Residence Halls on Campus</th>
<th>Other Campus Locations</th>
<th>On-Campus Total</th>
<th>Non-Campus</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Criminal Homicide</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Murder/Non-negligent Manslaughter</td>
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<tr>
<td>Negligent Manslaughter</td>
<td>0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Sex Offenses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fondling</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Statutory Rape</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
<td>0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
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<td>Motor Vehicle Theft</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Arson</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Arrest/Referral Statistics</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Alcohol Law Violations</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Drug Violations</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Referral</td>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weapon Violations</strong></td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Arrest</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) Crime Statistics</strong></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dating Violence</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hate Crime Statistics</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>There were no hate crimes reported in 2016, 2017, or 2018.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Unfounded Crime Statistics</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>There were no unfounded crime reports in 2016, 2017, or 2018.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Fire Statistics**
There were no fire statistics to report, as the CIA Singapore does not operate on-campus housing.
# ON-CAMPUS RESOURCES

## New York Campus:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFICE</th>
<th>LOCATION</th>
<th>PHONE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Campus Safety</td>
<td>Campus Safety Building</td>
<td>845-451-1268 or ext. 1111 from a campus phone (emergencies)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director—Campus Safety, William Carey</td>
<td>Roth Hall, Lower Mezzanine NG-27</td>
<td>ext. 1300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director—Counseling and Psychological Services, Christiane Mueller (confidential resource)</td>
<td>Student Commons 218</td>
<td>ext. 1359</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director—Health Services, Margot Schinella (confidential resource)</td>
<td>Roth Hall, Lower Mezzanine NG-20</td>
<td>ext. 1261</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Dean—Student Affairs and Housing, Dennis Macheska</td>
<td>Student Commons 221</td>
<td>ext. 1280</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Vice President and Dean—Student Affairs, Kathy Merget</td>
<td>Student Commons 236</td>
<td>ext. 1776</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Dean—Campus Life &amp; Student Development, James Manley</td>
<td>Student Commons 236</td>
<td>ext. 1760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Dean—Student Conduct &amp; Community Engagement, Danny Malavé</td>
<td>Student Commons 236</td>
<td>Ext. 4240</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## California Campus:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFICE</th>
<th>LOCATION</th>
<th>PHONE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Campus Safety</td>
<td>Main Building, Atrium, First Floor</td>
<td>707-548-2478</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Director—Education</td>
<td>Main Building, Education Offices, Third Floor</td>
<td>ext. 2404</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Counselor, Counseling and Psychological Services, Kathleen Herrera (confidential resource)</td>
<td>Main Building, Rhodes Room, First Floor</td>
<td>ext. 2443 or 707-815-2766</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assistant Director—Student Affairs, Jared Snyder</td>
<td>Main Building, Education Offices, Third Floor</td>
<td>ext. 2486</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Texas Campus:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFICE</th>
<th>LOCATION</th>
<th>PHONE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Managing Director, April Goess</td>
<td>Main Building, Administrative Offices, Third Floor</td>
<td>ext. 6452</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Associate Dean—Degree Programs, Jose Frade</td>
<td>Pilot Building, Student Services Office</td>
<td>ext. 6402</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manager—Student Services</td>
<td>Pilot Building, Student Services Office</td>
<td>ext. 6451</td>
</tr>
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OFF-CAMPUS RESOURCES

New York:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFICE</th>
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<th>PHONE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Center for Victim Safety and Support—Counseling (confidential)</td>
<td>29 North Hamilton Street, Poughkeepsie, NY 12601</td>
<td>845-452-1110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAFE Project Rape Crisis Hotline (confidential)</td>
<td>— —</td>
<td>845-452-7272</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dutchess County Sheriff’s Office</td>
<td>150 North Hamilton Street, Poughkeepsie, NY 12601</td>
<td>845-486-3800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hyde Park Police</td>
<td>3 Cardinal Road, Hyde Park, NY 12538</td>
<td>845-229-9340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New York State Police</td>
<td>5696 Route 9 South, Rhinebeck, NY 12572</td>
<td>845-876-4033</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

California:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFICE</th>
<th>LOCATION</th>
<th>PHONE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St. Helena Police Department</td>
<td>1480 Main Street, St. Helena, CA 94574</td>
<td>707-967-2850</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Napa County Sheriff’s Department</td>
<td>3801 North St. Helena Highway, St. Helena, CA 94574</td>
<td>707-942-5370 (Office), 707-253-4451 (Dispatch)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Helena Hospital</td>
<td>27 Woodland Road, St. Helena, CA 94574</td>
<td>707-963-3611</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NEWS Domestic Violence &amp; Sexual Abuse Services (confidential)</td>
<td>1141 Pear Tree Lane, Suite 220, Napa, CA 94558</td>
<td>707-252-6397</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Joseph Health, Queen of the Valley Hospital</td>
<td>1000 Trancas Street, Napa, CA 94558</td>
<td>707-252-4411</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Texas:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFICE</th>
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<th>PHONE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>San Antonio Police Department</td>
<td>315 South Santa Rosa, San Antonio, TX 78207</td>
<td>210-207-7273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bexar County Sheriff’s Department</td>
<td>200 North Comal Street, San Antonio, TX 78207</td>
<td>210-335-6010</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape Crisis Center and 24-Hour Hotline (confidential)</td>
<td>4606 Centerview Drive, Suite 200, San Antonio, TX 78228</td>
<td>210-349-7273</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Center for Health Care Services and Crisis Line (confidential)</td>
<td>3031 IH 10 West, San Antonio, TX 78201</td>
<td>210-223-7233</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CIA ADDRESSES

The Culinary Institute of America
1946 Campus Drive
Hyde Park, NY 12538-1499

The Culinary Institute of America at Greystone
2555 Main Street
St. Helena, CA 94574

The Culinary Institute of America, San Antonio
312 Pearl Parkway, Building 2, Suite 2102
San Antonio, TX 78215

The Culinary Institute of America, Singapore
Temasek Polytechnic
21 Tampines Avenue 1, Block 31
Singapore 529757

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The CIA at Greystone and the CIA San Antonio are branches of the CIA, Hyde Park, NY. The CIA Singapore is an additional location.